AT Commands Examples Examples for u-blox cellular modules Application Note

Abstract

This document provides detailed examples of how to use AT commands with u-blox cellular modules.

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UBX-13001820 - R11





Document Information				
Title	AT Commands Examples			
Subtitle	Examples for u-blox cellular modules			
Document type	Application Note			
Document number	UBX-13001820			
Revision, date	R11	22-Sep-2016		
Document status	Early Production Information			

Document status explanation

Objective Specification	Document contains target values. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Advance Information	Document contains data based on early testing. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Early Production Information	Document contains data from product verification. Revised and supplementary data may be published later.
Production Information	Document contains the final product specification.

This document applies to the following products:

roduct name	
ON-G1 series	
ARA-G3 series	
5A-U2 series	
ARA-U2 series	
DBY-L2 series	
PCI-L2 series	

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1 Introduction

This document provides examples of using AT commands. See u-blox AT Commands Manual [1] for the AT command descriptions. The following symbols are used to highlight important information within the document:

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An index finger points out key information pertaining to integration and performance.

A warning symbol indicates actions that could negatively impact or damage the module.

These icons will be used to indicate applicability to the related products:



If the subsection applies to a specific product, the related icon will be provided there.

The MPCI-L2 series provides the same feature set as the TOBY-L2 series. Therefore the "TOBY-L2" icon also refers to MPCI-L2 series.

The correctness of the networking examples depends on the availability of the website and FTP site. Be sure to use a valid website (or FTP site).



2 AT command response parser

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The scope of this section is to give some hints about how to develop a proper AT parser and how to handle the AT command replies and the URCs.

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In this document the following naming conventions are used:

- DCE (Data Communications Equipment) or MT (Mobile Terminal) is the u-blox cellular module
- DTE (Data Terminal Equipment) or TE (Terminal Equipment) is the terminal that sends the command to the module

2.1 Handle AT command response

When a generic AT command is issued, depending on the command sent, there may or may not be an Information Text Response. At the end there is always the Final Result Code, which marks the end of the command.

The following shows responses that can occur from DTE point of view:

- Wait for the command response
 - o Actions to be taken when a timeout expires
- Response to the command
 - o OK
 - +<cmd>: ... OK
- Response to particular commands. For further details see "Information text responses and result codes" section in the u-blox AT Commands Manual [1]
 - CONNECT
 - NO CARRIER
 - o BUSY
 - NO ANSWER
 - CONNECT
 - 0 >
 - o @
- Errors
 - +CME ERROR: ...
 - +CMS ERROR: ...
 - o ERROR
- Command aborted





TOBY-L2 / MPCI-L2 modules do not support the aborting of any AT commands.





Figure 1: DTE-DCE AT command response flow chart

2.2 Handle unsolicited result code

An unsolicited result code (URC) is a string message (provided by the DCE) that is not a response to a previous AT command. It can be output, when enabled, at any time to inform the DTE of a specific event or status change. The URC can have the same name as the command that enables it (e.g. +CREG) or can be enabled by another command (e.g. unsolicited result code: +CMTI, command that enables it: +CNMI).

Examples of URCs:

- +<cmd>:...
- RING
- ...







2.3 Best practices

- The DTE shall flush the AT channel (i.e. check if there are data waiting to be read) before sending a new AT command
- The DTE shall detect/process complete lines (see the S3, S4 and V0/V1 settings), so they can be processed with a function that handles responses
- The DTE shall handle the case of unexpected spaces or line endings
- The DTE shall handle all the URCs: it can simply ignore them (not suggested) or, better, take a proper action
- The DTE shall know what answer is expected and shall wait until it is received (i.e. final result code only or information text response + final result code)
- The final result code marks the end of an AT command and can be OK, ERROR or ABORTED: when the final result is an error, be sure to handle it before continuing with the next AT command
- The information text response format is command specific. The DTE will need explicit handling for each one. It is suggested to consult the u-blox AT command manual [1]
- It is suggested not to strictly parse information text responses but to check if they contain interesting keywords and/or parameters
- The DTE shall know if the issued AT command can be aborted or not
- Some AT commands could output the final result code after some seconds, in this case check on AT manual for the suggested estimated response time. If the timeout expires then a decision should be taken accordingly: e.g. if the command can be aborted then try to abort it, etc ...
- It is very useful, for debugging an application, to log all the command lines sent to the DCE and what is received from it
- Create a state machine for the AT parser (i.e. idle, waiting_response, data_mode)
- The DTE shall wait some time (the recommended value is at least 20 ms) after the reception of an AT command final response or URC before issuing a new AT command to give the module the opportunity to transmit the buffered URCs. Otherwise the collision of the URCs with the subsequent AT command is still possible
- The DTE shall be aware that, when using a serial port without HW flow control, the first character is used to wake up the module from power saving



3 Parameters storing

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The value of some AT command parameters can be saved and retrieved either in the user profiles or in the Non Volatile Memory (NVM) of the cellular module. For further details see the AT+CPWROFF, AT&V, AT&W, ATY command descriptions in the u-blox AT Commands Manual [1].

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+UPSV=1	OK	Enable the power saving.
		This is an example: the power saving is not by default enabled in the default profile.
AT&Y1	OK	Select the default profile that will be automatically loaded at the next hardware reset (in this example profile #1).
AT&W1	OK	Store the current settings into profile 1.
AT&V	ACTIVE PROFILE: &C1, &D1, &S1, &K3, E1, Q0, V1, X4,S00:000, S02:043, S03:013, S04:010,S05:008, S07:060, +CBST:007, 000,001, +CRLP:061, 061, 048, 006, +CR:000, +CRC:000, +IPR:0,+COPS:0,0,FFFFF, +ICF:3,1, +UPSV: 1,2000, +CMGF:0, +CNMI:1,0,0,0,0, +USTS: 0 STORED PROFILE 0: &C1, &D1, &S1, &K3, E1, Q0, V1, X4,S00:000, S02:043, S03:013, S04:010, S05:008, S07:060, +CBST:007, 000, 001, +CRLP:061, 061, 048, 006, +CR:000, +CRC:000, +IPR:0, +COPS:0,0,FFFFF, +ICF:3,1, +UPSV: 0, +CMGF:0, +CNMI:1,0,0,0,0, +USTS: 0 STORED PROFILE 1: &C1, &D1, &S1, &K3, E1, Q0, V1, X4, S00:000, S02:043, S03:013, S04:010, S05:008, S07:060, +CBST:007, 000, 001, +CRLP:061, 061, 048, 006, +CR:000, +CR:000, +IPR:0, +COPS:0,0,FFFFF, +ICF:3,1, +UPSV: 1,2000, +CMGF:0, +CNMI:1,0,0,0,0, +USTS: 0	Display both the current profile and the user profiles stored in memory. This step is not mandatory. This example refers to LEON-G series modules, different values are shown on the other u-blox modules.
AT+CSGT=1,"u-blox module"	OK OK	Set a new greeting text ("u-blox module" in this example). This is not the factory-programmed value stored in NVM.
AT+CFUN=15	OK	Save the stored configuration and reboot the module without needing to switch the module off and back on. The current configuration can be stored switching the module off through AT+CPWROFF command.
	u-blox module	At module power-on the greeting text is displayed.
AT+UPSV?	+UPSV: 1,2000 OK	Read the current configuration of +USPV AT command.



4 Network registration and configuration

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4.1 Steps for registering the module with a GSM/UMTS network

Perform the module registration with GSM/UMTS network as follows:

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- Set the PIN
- Perform the network registration

4.1.1 Preliminary operations

Command	Response	Description	
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.	
		This step is not mandatory.	
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: SIM PIN	Check the PIN.	
	OK		
AT+CPIN="1234"	OK	Set the PIN ("1234" is an example).	
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY	Check the PIN.	
	OK	OK, the PIN is ready.	

4.1.2 Network registration: GSM module

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4.1.2.1 Check network registration (first scenario, auto-registration)

Command	Response	Descriptio	n
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT"	Check the	network registration status.
	ОК		If the first parameter is 0 then the module is registered with GSM network.
AT+CGATT?	+CGATT: 1	Check the	GPRS attach status.
	OK		The first parameter indicates the GPRS status (in this case 1 - GPRS attached).

4.1.2.2 Check network registration (second scenario, without auto-registration)

Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 2	Check the network registration status.
	OK	If the parameter is 2 then the module is not registered with GSM network.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Start the automatic network registration.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT"	Check the network registration status.
	OK	If the first parameter is 0 then the module is registered with GSM network.

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Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0	Check the network registration status.
	OK	When using data only SIMs, in some networks AT+COPS? returns the operator name, in other networks returns only 0, even if the GPRS network registration is enabled.
AT+CREG?	+CREG: 0,3	Check network registration status
	OK	
AT+CGREG?	+CGREG: 0,1	Check GPRS network registration status
	OK	
AT+UCGOPS?	+UCGOPS: 0,0,"00101",2	Check PS (Packet Switched) network registration status
	OK	

4.1.2.3 Check network registration (third scenario, data only SIMs)

4.1.2.4 GSM band change

Command	Response	Description
AT+UBANDSEL?	+UBANDSEL: 900, 1800	Check the current selected GSM bands.
	OK	
AT+COPS=2	OK	De-register the module from the network. Perform this operation only if the module is registered with the network.
AT+UBANDSEL=850,1900	OK	Change the operating GSM bands.
		The new configuration is saved in NVM for future registration attempts.
AT+COPS=0	ОК	Start the automatic network registration.

4.1.3 Network registration: UMTS module

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4.1.3.1 Preliminary information about Radio Access Technology (RAT) configuration

The default RAT configuration is GSM / UMTS dual-mode, with UMTS the preferred access technology.

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 1,2 OK	The default RAT configuration is GSM / UMTS dual-mode Radio Access technology with UMTS preferred access technology. The module can access both GSM and UMTS networks, where UMTS is the preferred RAT.

- Deregister the module from the network with **AT+COPS=2** command before changing the RAT configuration.
- Power off the module (**AT+CPWROFF**) to save the RAT configuration in the NVM. After this, switch on the module and repeat the steps listed in section 4.1.1.



When a new RAT setting is saved in the NVM it is not possible to load the RAT factory-programmed configuration. To restore this perform the following steps:

Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module from the network. Perform this operation only if the module is registered with the network.
AT+URAT=1,2	OK	Select GSM / UMTS dual-mode Radio Access technology with UMTS networks preferred. This is the RAT factory defined configuration.
AT+CPWROFF	OK	Switch off the module.

4.1.3.2 RAT selection

GSM single mode RAT

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT=0,0	OK	Select GSM Single Mode Radio Access technology.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 0,0	The module can access only GSM networks.
	OK	
AT+COPS=0	OK	Start automatic network registration.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0 OK	Check the network registration status. The last parameter describes which type of RAT (2G or 3G) the module is currently registered to (0 - GSM in this care)

GSM / UMTS dual-mode RAT

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT=1,0	OK	Select GSM / UMTS dual-mode Radio Access technology, GSM is the preferred access technology.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 1,0	With this configuration the module can access both GSM and UMTS networks, GSM is the preferred RAT.
	OK	
AT+URAT=1,2	OK	Select GSM / UMTS dual-mode Radio Access technology, UMTS is the preferred RAT.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 1,2	With this configuration the module can access both GSM and UMTS networks, UMTS is the preferred RAT.
	OK	
AT+COPS=0	OK	Start the automatic network registration.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	Check the network registration status.
	ок	The last parameter describes which type of RAT (2G or 3G) the module is currently registered to (2 - UMTS in this case).
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	The module is also allowed to access GSM networks. This will be the information text response if it is
	ОК	registered with GSM service.

UMTS single mode RAT

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT=2,2	OK	Select UMTS Single Mode Radio Access technology.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 2,2	With this configuration the module can access only UMTS networks.
	OK	
AT+COPS=0	OK	Start the automatic network registration.



Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	Check the network registration status. The last parameter describes which type of RAT (2G or
	OK	3G) the module is currently registered to (2 - UMTS in this case).

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If the module is registered with GSM / UMTS dual-mode (**AT+URAT=1,0** or **AT+URAT=1,2**) it is possible to change the preferred RAT technology but the new setting only takes effect after a period of lost network coverage or if the module is deregistered and re-registered on the network.

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT=1,0	OK	Select the GSM / UMTS dual-mode Radio Access technology. GSM is the preferred access technology.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 1,0	With this configuration the module can access both GSM and UMTS networks, GSM networks are
	OK	preferred.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Start the automatic network registration.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	Check the network registration status. The last parameter describes which type of BAT (2G or
	OK	3G) the module is currently registered to (0 - GSM in this case).
AT+URAT=1,2	OK	Select the GSM / UMTS dual-mode Radio Access technology. UMTS is the preferred access technology.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 1,2	With this configuration the module can access both GSM and UMTS networks, UMTS networks are
	OK	preferred.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	The last parameter describes which type of RAT (2G or 3G) the module is currently registered to (0 - GSM in
	OK	this case although UMTS is now the preferred access technology).
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module from the network.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Start the automatic network registration.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	The last parameter describes which type of RAT (2G or 3G) the module is currently registered to (2 - UMTS in this case.
	OK	
		This is only an example. Remember that with +URAT=1,2 UMTS is the preferred and not the only allowed RAT. If the UMTS network coverage is weak the module will register again on GSM network.

AT+URAT=0,2 and **AT+URAT=2,0** are allowed but the second parameter is ignored. The second parameter applies only to GSM / UMTS dual-mode Radio Access technology (first parameter equal to 1). In the read command and with this setting, the second parameter of the information text response can be omitted.



4.1.3.3 UMTS band change

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 1,2	Check if the module is configured in dual-mode or 3G only.
	OK	Alternative answers may be +URAT: 2,0 or
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	If the module is registered, shack that it is in LINTS
AT+UBANDSEL?	+UBANDSEL: 2100,1900,850	RAT. Check the surrent 2C hands
		Check the current 3G bands.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Start the automatic network registration.
AT+UBANDSEL=800,900	OK	Change the operating 3G bands.
		The new configuration is saved in NVM for future registration attempts.
AT+COPS=0	ОК	Force the network registration.

4.1.3.4 Check the device PS radio capabilities

Command	Response	Description
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,0 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 0 means the module is not registered for PS service.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,1 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 1 means the module is registered for PS service and GPRS is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,2 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 2 means the module is registered for PS service and EDGE is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,3 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 3 means the module is registered for PS service and WCDMA is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,4 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 4 means the module is registered for PS service and HSDPA is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,5 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 5 means the module is registered for PS service and HSUPA is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,6 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 6 means the module is registered for PS service and HSUPA and HSDPA are available.
AT+UREG=1		A network registration attach status URC can be enabled.
	+UREG: 1,2 OK	The DUT generates a URC when the network attach status changes. The second parameter (2 in this example) indicates the new network registration status. The first parameter indicates the URC status (in this case 1 - enabled) meaning URC is still enabled.



The table below lists the allowed combinations of +URAT, +COPS and +UREG AT commands.



RAT configuration	Operator	Network registration status
+URAT: 0,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,0
+URAT: 0,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,1
+URAT: 0,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,2
+URAT: 1,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,0
+URAT: 1,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,1
+URAT: 1,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,2
+URAT: 1,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,3
+URAT: 1,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,4
+URAT: 1,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,5
+URAT: 1,0	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,6
+URAT: 1,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,0
+URAT: 1,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,1
+URAT: 1,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	+UREG: 0,2
+URAT: 1,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,3
+URAT: 1,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,4
+URAT: 2,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,0
+URAT: 2,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,3
+URAT: 2,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,4
+URAT: 2,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,5
+URAT: 2,2	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	+UREG: 0,6



4.1.4 Network registration: LTE module

TOBY-L2

4.1.4.1 Preliminary information about Radio Access Technology (RAT) configuration

The default RAT configuration is tri-mode: GSM / UMTS / LTE, with LTE the preferred access technology.

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT?	+urat: 4,3 OK	The default RAT configuration is GSM / UMTS / LTE tri-mode Radio Access technology with LTE as preferred access technology. The module can access both GSM, UMTS and LTE networks, where LTE is the preferred RAT.

- Deregister the module from the network with the **AT+CFUN=4** command before changing the RAT configuration.
- Issue this command sequence to ensure the preferred RAT is selected after the network de-registration / registration:
 - AT+CFUN=4
 - AT+URAT=<SelectedAcT>,<PreferredAcT>
 - AT+CFUN=1

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Power off the module (**AT+CPWROFF**) to store the RAT configuration in the NVM. After this, switch on the module and repeat the steps listed in section 4.1.1.

When a new RAT setting is saved in the NVM it is not possible to load the RAT factory-programmed configuration. To restore this, perform the following steps:

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=4	ОК	Deregister the module from the network. Perform this operation only if the module is registered with the network.
AT+URAT=4,3	ОК	Select GSM / UMTS / LTE tri-mode RAT with LTE networks preferred. This is the RAT factory-programmed configuration.
AT+CPWROFF	OK	Switch off the module.

4.1.4.2 RAT selection

LTE single mode RAT

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+URAT=3	OK	Select LTE Single Mode RAT.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 3	The module can access only LTE networks.
	OK	
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module in full functionality.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",7 OK	Check the network registration status. The last parameter describes which type of RAT (2G, 3G or 4G) the module is currently registered to (7 – LTE in this case).



UMTS / LTE dual-mode RAT

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+URAT=6,2	OK	Select UMTS / LTE dual-mode Radio Access technology, UMTS is the preferred access technology.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 6,2	With this configuration the module can access both UMTS and LTE networks, UMTS is the preferred RAT.
	OK	
AT+URAT=6,3	OK	Select UMTS / LTE dual-mode Radio Access technology, LTE is the preferred RAT.
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 6,3	With this configuration the module can access both UMTS and LTE networks, LTE is the preferred RAT.
	OK	
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module in full functionality.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	Check the network registration status.
		The last parameter describes which type of RAT (2G,
	OK	3G or 4G) the module is currently registered to (2 - UMTS in this case).
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",7	The module is also allowed to access LTE networks.
	OK	registered with LTE service.

4.1.4.3 LTE band change

Command	Response	Description
AT+URAT?	+URAT: 4,3	Check how the module is configured (single, dual or tri-mode).
	OK	
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",7	If the module is registered, check that it is in LTE RAT.
	ОК	
AT+UBANDSEL?	+UBANDSEL: 800,850,900,1800,1 900,2100,2600	Check the current 3G bands.
	OK	
AT+CFUN=4	ОК	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+UBANDSEL=1800,2100,2600	OK	Change the operating LTE bands.
		The new configuration is saved in NVM for future registration attempts.
AT+CFUN=1	ОК	Set the module in full functionality.

4.1.4.4 Check EPS current network registration status (CS)

Command	Response	Description
AT+CEREG?	+CEREG: 0,1	Read the EPS network registration status: the URCs are disabled and the module is registered on home
	OK	PLMN.
AT+CEREG=1	OK	Enables the URCs for EPS network registration status.
	+CEREG: 2	The module is not registered, but it is currently trying to attach or searching an operator to register to.
AT+CEREG=2	OK	Enables the URCs for EPS network registration status and location information.
	+CEREG: 1,"5A25","0099EA20",7	The module is registered on home PLMN, then follow the TAC, the cell id and the RAT.



Command	Response	Description
AT+CEREG=3	OK +CEREG: 1,"5A25","0099EA20",7	Enables the URCs for EPS network registration status, location information and EMM cause value information.
		The module is registered on home PLMN, then follow the TAC, the cell id and the RAT. EMM info are not available.

4.1.4.5 Check EPS current network registration status (PS)

Command	Response	Description
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,0	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 0 means the module is not registered for PS service
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,1 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 1 means the module is registered for PS service and GPRS is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,2 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 2 means the module is registered for PS service and EDGE is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,3 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 3 means the module is registered for PS service and WCDMA is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,4 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 4 means the module is registered for PS service and HSDPA is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,5 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 5 means the module is registered for PS service and HSUPA is available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,6 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 6 means the module is registered for PS service and HSUPA and HSDPA are available.
AT+UREG?	+UREG: 0,7 OK	Check the current network registration status. The last parameter describes the registration status: 7 means the module is registered for PS service LTE is available.
AT+UREG=1		A network registration attach status URC can be enabled.
	+UREG: 1,2 OK	The DUT generates a URC when the network attach status changes. The second parameter (2 in this example) indicates the new network registration status. The first parameter indicates the URC status (in this case 1 - enabled) meaning URC is still enabled.



4.1.5 Network operator configuration through +UMNOCONF AT command

TOBY-L2

This section does not apply to "00S" and "50S" product versions.

This command switches between different configurations of the mobile network operators (MNO). The MNO configuration can be manual or automatic (based on the current USIM card inserted).

4.1.5.1 Manual configuration

After a manual configuration request:

- the module will de-register and de-activate the radio
- the module performs all required configuration changes
- the DTE is required to manually reboot the module via AT command

Manual regulatory configuration

Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF=0	OK	The regulatory MNO configuration is set: IMS service is disabled, Verizon connection manager is disabled, all 4G and 3G bands are enabled. The <conf> parameter is ignored.</conf>
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module to apply the new configuration.

Manual AT&T configuration

Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF=2	OK	The AT&T configuration is set: IMS service is disabled, Verizon connection manager is disabled, 3G bands are enabled, all supported 4G bands are enabled, HSDPA category set to 14.
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module to apply the new configuration.

Manual Verizon configuration

Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF=3,7	OK	The Verizon configuration is set with:the internal connection manager activeVZWINTERNET on demand
AT+CFUN=16	ОК	Reboot the module to apply the new configuration.
Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF=3,15	OK	The Verizon configuration is set with:the internal connection manager activeIMS test mode active
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module to apply the new configuration.



Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF=3,23	OK	The Verizon configuration is set with:the internal connection manager activeVZWINTERNET automatically handled
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Module is rebooted to apply the new configuration.

4.1.5.2 Automatic configuration

After an automatic configuration request:

- the module will detect the correct configuration based on SIM IMSI
- if SIM is present but its IMSI is not AT&T nor Verizon then the regulatory configuration is applied
- if no SIM is present then the previous valid configuration is kept
- the FW will be able to handle SIM IMSI refresh (provisioning)
- if a configuration change is needed then the module will de-register and de-activate the radio, perform the required configuration changes and; issue a URC on AT terminal and optionally can perform a power cycle after the URC has been printed.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF?	+UMNOCONF:2,7 OK	TOBY-L201-01S is flashed with its FW and it is powered on without a SIM card inserted. As expected the factory configuration is AT&T (default value)
AT+UMNOCONF=1,7	OK	The module is set in automatic mode configuration.
AT+UMNOCONF?	+UMNOCONF:1,7,2	As expected, no URC is printed since no valid SIM has been detected: the current configuration is kept
AT+CFUN=19	OK	The protocol stack is turned off. After receiving the 'OK' final result code a Verizon SIM is inserted
AT+CFUN=1	OK	The protocol stack is turned on
	+UMNOCONF:1,7,3	A SIM has been previously inserted and the module recognizes the SIM's IMSI.
		The module is automatically reconfigured, print an URC (+UMNOCONF) and then perform a power cycle
AT+UMNOCONF?	+UMNOCONF:1,7,3 OK	On next reboot the MNO configuration is checked
		Suppose now that for some reason the SIM becomes unreadable, in this case the module will maintain the current configuration until the SIM is replaced or until a new manual configuration is set



4.1.6 PLMN list extension +UMNOPLMN: LTE module

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This section does not apply to "00S" and "50S" product versions.

This command customizes the list used by AT+UMNOCONF's automatic SIM detection algorithm. It configures the mapping of the current detected MNO to one of the pre-defined MNO values. It is possible to extend the PLMN list of these MNOs:

- AT&T
- Verizon

Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOPLMN?	+UMNOPLMN: 2,"310.30,310.150, 310.170,310.280,310.380,310.4 10,310.560" +UMNOPLMN: 3,"310.590,310.890 ,311.480" OK	The module is flashed with its FW and it is powered on. This is the factory configuration.
AT+UMNOPLMN=3,"310.150"	+CME ERROR: operation not allowed	"310.150" overlaps the current setting of <detectable_mno>=2.</detectable_mno>
AT+UMNOPLMN=3,"1000.100"	+CME ERROR: operation not supported	"1000.100" is not a valid PLMN id
AT+UMNOPLMN=2	OK	<pre><detectable_mno>=2 has been reset to its factory default value</detectable_mno></pre>



4.2 Network registration flow-chart

Figure 3 shows the suggested operations and actions for a CS and PS registration from the DTE point of view. See the u-blox AT Commands Manual [1] for more detailed information about +CREG and +CGREG.



Figure 3: CS and PS network registration flow chart

The suggestion is to enable +CREG and +CGREG URCs after the module power-on. In this way the DTE by monitoring these URCs is always aware of the network status registration for the CS and PS subsystem. The actions to be taken by DTE are similar for both +CREG and +CGREG, but the causes may be different.

When the indication +C(G)REG=5 is received, the DTE shall use +CGED to verify if the network is an Equivalent PLMN or not, and so it can determine its roaming status.



SARA-U2 and LISA-U2 series support the Equivalent Home PLMN feature (its activation depends on the USIM application; see the 3GPP TS 31.102 [10]). Thus the +C(G)REG=1 URC returned to DTE, may indicate that the module is not registered on the HPLMN but on a EHPLMN.

The following is an overview of the values assumed by the <stat> parameter in +CREG:

- 0: a technical problem may have occurred; the user is requested to intervene. It is still possible to make emergency calls if some network is available. Possible causes:
 - PIN not entered
 - o SIM read error
 - o SIM card not present

The registration is not started (+COPS=2)

- 1: the MT is registered on a HPLMN or an EHPLMN
- 2: the module is searching for a network to register on. Possible causes:
 - No network available
 - Available networks have insufficient Rx level
 - HPLMN or allowed PLMN are available but the registration is rejected, e.g. roaming is not allowed in this Location Area

It is still possible to make emergency calls if network coverage is available.

- 3: the registration fails after a Location Update Reject; possible causes are:
 - o Illegal MS
 - o Illegal ME
 - IMSI unknown at HLR
 - PLMN not allowed
 - Location area not allowed
 - Roaming not allowed in this location area
 - Network failure
 - Network congestion

It is still possible to make emergency calls if network coverage is available.

If the registration type is manual, then no further attempt is made to search for a new PLMN or register with it. If the registration type is automatic, the MS may look for an allowed PLMN if the rejection cause was roaming restriction. In case of illegal MS / ME, there could be possible problems with either the SIM card or with the MT's identity (IMEI): user intervention may be required.

- 4: this value, usually transitory, is returned if the registration state does not belong to any of the following:
 - o Normal
 - o Limited
 - No service
 - Service detached
 - Service disabled

A failed registration procedure can be seen before starting a PLMN search, when <stat>=2.

5: the MT is registered on a VPLMN (in national/international roaming, or on an EPLMN)

The following are the recommended actions for +CGREG indications:

- <stat>=0: not registered, the MT is not currently searching a new operator to register to ACTION: send AT+COPS=0 to register, and once the module is registered (+CREG: 1), send AT+CGACT=1 to activate a new PDP context
- <stat>=1: registered, home network



ACTION: none required, but can verify if the PDP context has been deactivated with AT+CGACT?, and if so send AT+CGACT=0 and then AT+CGACT=1 to ensure that a new PDP context is activated

- <stat>=2: not registered, but the MT is currently searching a new operator to register to ACTION: wait for +CREG: 1, no other action required, this is the case when the module has lost network coverage
- <stat>=3 and <stat>=4: the registration is denied or unknown, it is not possible to activate a PDP context ACTION: this may occur due to the module being unable to find signals for desired carrier, moving the device to another location may help, otherwise suggest recalling device for repair
- <stat>=5: registered, roaming
 ACTION: verify if the PDP context has been deactivated with AT+CGACT?, and if so send AT+CGACT=0 and then AT+CGACT=1 to ensure that a new PDP context is activated

Another URC which is useful for monitoring the PS status is +CGEV which can be configured via +CGEREP, for more information see the u-blox AT commands manual [1]. The URC +CGEV returns information about the GPRS mobile class, the PDP context status and the GPRS attach status.



5 GPRS connection

5.1 External PDP context handling





This section explains how to define, activate and deactivate an external Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context, i.e. a data connection using the external IP stack (e.g. Windows dial up) and PPP over the communication port (UART/USB).

5.1.1 External PDP context definition and activation

An external PDP context can be defined with +CGDCONT and then activated with +CGACT, +CGDATA="PPP", <cid> or ATD*99***<cid># (dial up).

The maximum number of definable PDP contexts is 3.

The +CGQREQ and +CGEQREQ (for the 3G network) commands configure the parameter <cid> that identifies the Quality of Service (QoS) profile for the PDP context. A QoS profile can be specified after the PDP context definition it is associated to and before its activation.

A minimum acceptable QoS profile for a PDP context may be specified with +CGQMIN and +CGEQMIN. However, the usage of these commands should be restricted to the cases where minimum QoS parameters are specifically constrained by the external application.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","web.omnitel .it"	OK	Define the PDP context 1 with PDP type "IP" and APN "web.omnitel.it".
AT+CGDCONT=3,"IP","internet"	OK	Define the PDP context 3 with PDP type "IP" and APN "internet".
<pre>AT+CGDCONT=2,"IP","mms.vodafon e.it"</pre>	OK	Define the PDP context 2 with PDP type "IP" and APN "mms.vodafone.it".
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet"," 0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafon e.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	Read the PDP contexts' parameters.
AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,0,320," 1E4","1E5",1,,3	ОК	Define a QoS profile for PDP context 1, with Traffic Class 3 (background), maximum bit rate 64 kb/s both for UL and for DL, no Delivery Order requirements, a maximum SDU size of 320 octets, an SDU error ratio of 10 ⁻⁴ , a residual bit error ratio of 10 ⁻⁵ , delivery of erroneous SDUs allowed and Traffic Handling Priority 3.
AT+CGQREQ=2,1,3,4,5,6	OK	Define a QoS profile for PDP context 2, with Precedence Class 1, Delay Class 3, Reliability Class 4, Peak Throughput Class 5 and Mean Throughput Class 6.
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	PDP context 1 activation (alternatively with AT+CGDATA="PPP", 1 or ATD*99***1#).
AT+CGPADDR=1	+CGPADDR: 1,"91.80.104.82" OK	Show address of PDP context 1. If PPP is used this command shall be sent from another AT command interface.



Command	Response	Description
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","91.80.104.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet"," 0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafon e.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	Read the PDP contexts' parameters.
AT+CGEQNEG=1	+CGEQNEG: 1,3,64,64,0,0,0,320 ,"1E4","1E5",1,1000,3,0,0 OK	Read the negotiated QoS profile for the PDP context 1.
AT+CGACT=0,1	OK	PDP context 1 deactivation.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet"," 0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafon e.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	Read the PDP contexts' parameters.
AT+CGACT=1	OK	All defined PDP contexts activation.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","91.80.101.207",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet"," 83.225.114.136",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafon e.it","10.159.135.60",0,0 OK	Read the PDP contexts' parameters: all PDP contexts have different PDP addresses.
AT+CGEQNEG=2	+CGEQNEG: 2,2,128,128,0,0,0,1 500,"1E3","1E5",0,1000,3,0,0 OK	Read the negotiated QoS profile for the PDP context 2.
AT+CGACT=0	OK	All defined PDP contexts deactivation.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet"," 0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafon e.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	Read the PDP contexts' parameters.
AT+CGACT=1,2	OK	PDP context 2 activation.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet"," 0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafon e.it","10.153.123.229",0,0 OK	Read the PDP contexts' parameters.

5.1.1.1 Secondary PDP context definition and activation

A secondary PDP context is an external PDP context associated with a primary external PDP context and sharing the same PDP address and APN with it. The primary and the associated secondary PDP contexts are typically used to provide connection to the same PDN (Packet Data Network) with different guaranteed QoS.

The typical usage of the secondary PDP contexts is in VoIP calls, where RTP (speech) packets are conveyed on one PDP context (e.g. the primary one) with a given QoS (e.g. low reliability) whereas SIP signaling is routed on a different PDP context (e.g. the secondary one, with the same IP address but different port numbers) with a more reliable QoS.

The +CGDSCONT AT command defines the secondary PDP contexts. Since the maximum number of definable PDP contexts is three, the maximum number of definable secondary PDP contexts is two.

The primary PDP context must be activated before activating an associated secondary PDP context.



In addition, before a secondary PDP context activation, at least one Packet Filter (PF) for a Traffic Flow Template (TFT) must be defined with +CGTFT.

The TFT is stored by the GGSN and it is examined when routing downlink user plane data. A TFT incorporates from one to eight PF, each characterized by a Packet Filter Identifier (PFI) and an Evaluation Precedence Index (EPI). The EPI specifies the precedence class among all PFs associated with a PDP address. Any incoming packet is first checked against the PF with lowest EPI and, in case no match is found, it is matched against the PF with the next highest EPI.

A valid packet filter must contain a unique identifier (within all PFs for a given TFT) and a unique evaluation precedence index (within all TFTs for one PDP address). If a PF is defined, with a PFI which already identifies another PF for the same TFT, the second PF overwrites the first, so that all PFIs are unique within a TFT.

In addition, at least one of the following parameters must be included for a TFT definition:

- <source_address_and_subnet_mask>
- output/protocol_number_(ipv4)-next_header_(ipv6)>
- <destination_port_range>
- <source_port_range>
- <ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>
- <type_of_service_(tos)_(ipv4)_and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>
- <flow_label (ipv6)>

The allowed combinations are:

- Combination 1:
 - <source_address_and_subnet_mask>
 - o <protocol_number_(ipv4)-next_header_(ipv6)>
 - <destination_port_range>
 - <source_port_range>
 - <type_of_service_(tos)_(ipv4)_and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>
- Combination 2:
 - o <source_address_and_subnet_mask>
 - o <protocol_number_(ipv4)-next_header_(ipv6)>
 - <ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>
 - o <type_of_service_(tos)_(ipv4)_and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>
- Combination 3:
 - <source_address_and_subnet_mask>
 - o <type_of_service_(tos)_(ipv4)_and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>
 - o <flow_label (ipv6)>

The secondary PDP contexts can be defined and activated as follows:

Command	Response	Description
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","web.omnite l.it"	OK	Define the primary PDP context 1.
AT+CGEQREQ=1,4,32,32,,,0,320, "1E4","1E5",1,,1	OK	Define a QoS profile for PDP context 1, with Traffic Class 4 (subscribed value), maximum bit rate 32 kb/s both for UL and for DL, no Delivery Order requirements, a maximum SDU size of 320 octets, an SDU error ratio of 10 ⁻⁴ , a residual bit error ratio of 10 ⁻⁵ , delivery of erroneous SDUs allowed and Traffic Handling Priority 1.



Command	Response	Description
AT+CGDSCONT=2,1	ок	Define a secondary PDP context with context identifier 2 associated to the primary PDP context with context identifier 1.
AT+CGEQREQ=2,3,64,64,,,0,320, "1E4","1E5",1,,2		Define a QoS profile for secondary PDP context 2, with Traffic Class 3 (background), maximum bit rate 64 kb/s both for UL and for DL, no Delivery Order requirements, a maximum SDU size of 320 octets, an SDU error ratio of 10^{-4} , a residual bit error ratio of 10^{-5} , delivery of erroneous SDUs allowed and Traffic Handling Priority 2.
AT+CGDSCONT=3,1	OK	Define a secondary PDP context with context identifier 3 associated to the primary PDP context with context identifier 1.
AT+CGEQREQ=3,2,64,64,,,0,320, "1E4","1E5",1,,3,,0	OK	Define a QoS profile for secondary PDP context 3, with Traffic Class 2 (Interactive), maximum bit rate 64 kb/s both for UL and for DL, no Delivery Order requirements, a maximum SDU size of 320 octets, an SDU error ratio of 10 ⁻⁴ , a residual bit error ratio of 10 ⁻⁵ , delivery of erroneous SDUs allowed, and Traffic Handling Priority 3. Since the Traffic Class is set to "Interactive" the last parameter, "Signaling Indicator", has to be specified too: in this case it is set to 0 (PDP context is not optimized for signaling).
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters.
AT+CGACT=1,2	+CME ERROR: operation not allowed	The secondary PDP context 2 cannot be activated before the primary PDP context 1 activation and before a Traffic Flow Template definition for PDP context 2 (with +CGTFT command).
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	Primary PDP context 1 activation (alternatively with AT+CGDATA="PPP", 1 or ATD*99***1#).
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","91.80.104.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters. If PPP is used this command shall be sent from another AT command interface.
AT+CGEQNEG=1	+CGEQNEG: 1,2,32,32,0,0,0,320 ,"1E4","1E5",1,1000,1,0,0 OK	Read the negotiated QoS profile for PDP context 1.
AT+CGTFT=2,1,1,"109.115.145.1 13.255.255.0.0"	OK	Define a PF for PDP context 2. The packet filter identifier is 1 (second parameter), the evaluation precedence index is 1 (third parameter). This PF applies to all packets with source address "109.115.145.113" and subnet mask "255.255.0.0".
AT+CGTFT=2,2,3,"91.80.105.10. 255.255.0.0",,"65435.65535"," 65235.65335"	OK	Defines another PF for PDP context 2. The packet filter identifier is 2 (second parameter), the evaluation precedence index is 3 (third parameter). This PF applies to all packets with source address "91.80.105.10", subnet mask "255.255.0.0", destination port range "65435.65535" and source port range "65235.65335".
AT+CGTFT=2,3,2,"71.40.10.10.2 55.255.0.0"	ок	Defines another PF for PDP context 2. The packet filter identifier is 3; the evaluation precedence index is 2. This PF applies to all packets with source address "71.40.10.10" and subnet mask "255.255.0.0".



Command	Response	Description
AT+CGACT=1,2	ОК	Activate secondary PDP context 2 (alternatively with AT+CGDATA="PPP", 2 or ATD*99***2#).
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","91.80.104.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","91.80.10 4.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters: PDP contexts 1 and 2 share the same PDP address.
AT+CGEQNEG=2	+CGEQNEG: 2,3,64,64,0,0,0,320 ,"1E4","1E5",1,1000,2,0,0 OK	Read the negotiated QoS profile for PDP context 2.
AT+CGTFT=3,4,4,"105.110.145.1 13.255.255.0.0",,"65435.65535 ","65235.65335"	ОК	Defines a PF for the PDP context 3. The packet filter identifier is 4 (second parameter), the evaluation precedence index is 4 (third parameter). This PF applies to all packets with source address "105.110.145.113", subnet mask "255.255.0.0", destination port range "65435.65535" and source port range "65235.65335".
AT+CGACT=1,3	OK	Activate secondary PDP context 3.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","91.80.104.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","91.80.10 4.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","91.80.10 4.82",0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters: all PDP contexts share the same PDP address.
AT+CGTFT=2	ОК	The PF for context identifier 2 becomes undefined.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","91.80.104.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","91.80.10 4.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","91.80.10 4.82",0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters: PDP context 2 is still active.
AT+CGACT=0,3	OK	Deactivate secondary PDP context 3.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","91.80.104.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","91.80.10 4.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters: PDP context 3 is not active.
AT+CGACT=0	OK	Deactivate all PDP contexts.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","0.0.0.0" ,0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters: no PDP context is active.



5.2 Secondary PDP context definition and activation in ROUTER mode

TOBY-L2

A secondary PDP context is an external PDP context associated with a primary external PDP context and sharing the same PDP address and APN with it. The primary and the associated secondary PDP contexts are typically used to provide connection to the same PDN (Packet Data Network) with different guaranteed QoS.

In the following example, an application needs to define one primary context and three secondary contexts with specific bandwidths:

- one context with 20 kb/s bandwidth
- one context with 10 kb/s bandwidth
- one context for video streaming
- one default context for general connectivity

Be aware that the activation of secondary PDP contexts depends on network operators.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set airplane mode
AT+UCGDFLT=1,"IP","test"	OK	Define the default primary PDP context (<cid>=4).</cid>
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set modem to full mode
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 4,"IP","test","192. 168.1.11",0,0,0,0,0,0	
AT+CGDSCONT=1,4	OK	Define a secondary PDP context with context identifier 1 associated to the primary PDP context with context identifier 4.
AT+CGEQOS=1,4,20,20,20,20	OK	Specify the EPS Quality of Service parameters for secondary PDP context with <cid>=1. Downlink and uplink guaranteed bit rate (GBR) is 20 kb/s. Downlink and uplink maximum bit rate (MBR) is 20 kb/s</cid>
AT+CGDSCONT=2,4	ОК	Define a secondary PDP context with context identifier 2 associated to the primary PDP context with context identifier 4.
AT+CGEQOS=2,4,10,10,10,10	OK	Specify the EPS Quality of Service parameters for secondary PDP context with <cid>=2. Downlink and uplink guaranteed bit rate (GBR) is 10 kb/s. Downlink and uplink maximum bit rate (MBR) is 10 kb/s</cid>
AT+CGDSCONT=3,4	OK	Define a secondary PDP context with context identifier 1 associated to the primary PDP context with context identifier 4.
AT+CGEQOS=3,6	OK	Specify the EPS Quality of Service parameters for secondary PDP context with <cid>=3: QCI=6 is used for video streaming (non-guaranteed bit rate)</cid>
AT+CGTFT=1,1,0,"151.9.34.91.2 55.255.255.255"	ок	Set the packet filter for a traffic flow template for context <cid>=1: it specifies the source address (151.9.34.91) and subnet mask (255.255.255.255) attribute of a valid packet filter (1).</cid>
AT+CGTFT=2,1,0,"151.9.34.91.2 55.255.255.255"	OK	Set the packet filter for a traffic flow template for context <cid>=2: it specifies the source address (151.9.34.91) and subnet mask (255.255.255.255) attribute of a valid packet filter (1).</cid>
AT+CGTFT=3,1,0,"151.9.34.91.2 55.255.255.255"	OK	Set the packet filter for a traffic flow template for context <cid>=3: it specifies the source address (151.9.34.91) and subnet mask (255.255.255.255) attribute of a valid packet filter (1).</cid>



Command	Response	Description
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	Secondary PDP context 1 activation (alternatively with AT+CGDATA="PPP", 1 or ATD*99***1#).
AT+CGACT=1,2	ОК	Secondary PDP context 2 activation (alternatively with AT+CGDATA="PPP", 1 or ATD*99***1#).
AT+CGACT=1,3	OK	Secondary PDP context 3 activation (alternatively with AT+CGDATA="PPP", 1 or ATD*99***1#).
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","","192.168. 1.11",0,0,0,0,0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","","192.168. 1.11",0,0,0,0,0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","","192.168. 1.11",0,0,0,0,0,0 +CGDCONT: 4,"IP","test","192. 168.1.11",0,0,0,0,0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts' parameters. If PPP is used this command shall be sent from another AT command interface.



5.3 Internal PDP context activation



Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Perform the configuration of a data connection for FTP, HTTP, SMTP and TCP/IP AT commands as follows:

Command	Response	Description
AT+CGATT?	+CGATT: 1	Check the GPRS attach status.
	OK	The first parameter indicated the GPRS status (in this case 1 - GPRS attached).
		Create a GPRS connection profile for TCP/IP with the +UPSD command. This will be made in 2 steps:
		1. Set up APN
		2. Specify to use the dynamic IP address assignment
		It is possible to configure up to 7 GPRS profiles. An identifier (an integer value from 0 to 6) identifies each profile. The profile identifier is the first parameter of AT+UPSND, AT+UPSD, AT+UPSDA commands.
		AT+UPSD command does not affect the GPRS profiles created with +CGDCONT command.
AT+UPSND=0,8	+UPSND: 0,8,0 OK	Check the status of the GPRS connection profile associated to GPRS connection profile identifier "0". The GPRS profile status is provided by the third parameter (in this case 0 - not active).
		This step is not mandatory.
AT+UPSD=0,1,"web.omnitel.it"	OK	Set up APN for GPRS connection profile "0".
		APN "web.omnitel.it" is an example only. Use the APN operator.
AT+UPSD=0,7,"0.0.0.0"	OK	Set up the dynamic IP address assignment.
AT+UPSDA=0,1	OK	Save the GPRS profile in the NVM.
		This step is not mandatory.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the GPRS connection.
AT+UPSND=0,8	+UPSND: 0,8,1 OK	Check the status of the GPRS connection profile associated to GPRS connection profile identifier "0". The GPRS profile status is provided by the third parameter (in this case 1 - active).
		This step is not mandatory.
AT+UPSND=0,0	+UPSND: 0,0,"93.68.225.175"	Check the assigned IP address.
	OK	In this example the assigned dynamic IP address is requested.



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5.4 Context deactivation



Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

5.4.1 Context deactivation by the network

Command	Response	Description
	+UUPSDD: 0	A URC indicates PDP context #0 is closed by the network.

5.4.2 Context deactivation by the module

Command	Response	Description
AT+UPSDA=0,4	OK	Detach the GPRS profile identified by the first parameter of the command (in this case 0).

5.5 Reading and setting of counters of sent and received PSD data



Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

The AT+UGCNTRD command reads the number of bytes and packets sent and received, while the AT+UGCNTSET command is used to set the counter. The two AT commands may be used as follows:

Command	Response	Description
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241" OK	DNS resolution of the URL "ftp.u-blox.com".
AT+UPSD=0,1,"WEB.OMNITEL.IT"	OK	Set up the APN for the GPRS connection profile "0". APN "web.omnitel.it" is an example only. Use the APN operator.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the GPRS connection.
AT+UPSND=0,0	+UPSND: 0,0,"109.115.166.132"	Check the assigned IP address.
	OK	In this example the assigned dynamic IP address is requested.
AT+USOCR=6	+USOCR: 0	TCP socket creation. Socket #0 is created.
	ОК	The information text response returns the created socket identifier (in this case #0). If a new socket is created (without closing the already existent), a new socket identifier will be returned.
AT+USOCO=0,"195.34.89.241",44 4	OK	Connect socket #0 to port 444 of a remote host with IP address 195.34.89.241.
	+UUSORD: 0,32	In this example an echo server has been used.
		The socket is now ready for read / write data.


Command	Response	Description
AT+UGCNTRD	+UGCNTRD: 4,124,116,124,116	 Read the counters for total sent and received bytes for the defined context. The total number of sent bytes on UL is 124 (44 bytes of SYN plus 40 bytes of ACK for TCP three-way-handshake plus 40 bytes of ACK for the received data) The total number of received bytes is 116 (44 bytes of SYN-ACK for TCP three-way-handshake plus 72 bytes of received data)
AT+USORD=0,1024	+USORD=0,32,"u-blox AG TCP/UDP test service" OK	Read data. The data is returned between quotation marks.
AT+USOWR=0,10,"HELLOWORLD"	+USOWR: 0,10 OK	Write 10 data bytes data on socket #0. If the final result code is returned then the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack.
AT+UGCNTRD	+UGCNTRD: 4,214,206,214,206	 Read the counters for total sent and received bytes for the defined context. The total number of sent bytes on UL has increased of 90 bytes (50 bytes of sent data plus 40 bytes of ACK for the received data) The total number of received bytes has increased of 90 bytes (50 bytes of received data plus 40 bytes of ACK for the sent data)
AT+UGCNTSET=4,0,0	OK	Set the counter for total sent/received bytes to 0 for the PDP context identified by <cid> 4.</cid>
AT+UGCNTRD	+UGCNTRD: 4,0,0,0,0 OK	Read the counters for total sent / received bytes for the defined context.

5.6 DoCoMo PS PUSH context manual activation

LISA-U

Supported only by LISA-U200-62S version.

The connection will take place on the same COM port where it has been accepted.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CGAUTO=3	OK	Set the automatic acceptance of Packet Domain network requests in modem compatibility mode, i.e. controlled by the S0 command.
ATS0=0	OK	Disable the automatic answering.
AT+CRC=1	OK	Enables detailed ring indication for the incoming calls.
	+CRING: GPRS "PPP","","M-PPP- RELAY"," <apn_name>"</apn_name>	The PS PUSH has been received. The URC shows the PDP_type, the PDP_addr the requested L2P protocol and the APN of the incoming "Request PDP Context Activation".
		If PDP_type = "PPP" then the PDP_addr will be empty and the L2P protocol required will be the PPP relay (M-PPP-RELAY).
		If PDP_type = "IP" then the PDP_addr will be shown and the P2P protocol will be empty.



Command	Response	Description
АТА	OK	Accept the incoming call. The module will automatically activate the P2P
or	CONNECT	protocol after the CONNECT result code:
AT+CGANS=1	OK	If PDP_type = "PPP" then M-PPP-RELAY will be used.
		If PDP_type = "IP" then the PPP will be
	CONNECT	used.

5.7 DoCoMo PS PUSH context manual reject

LISA-U

Supported only by LISA-U200-62S version.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CGAUTO=3	ОК	Set the automatic acceptance of Packet Domain network requests in modem compatibility mode, i.e. controlled by the S0 command.
ATS0=0	OK	Disable the automatic answering.
AT+CRC=1	OK	Enables detailed ring indication for the incoming calls.
	+CRING: GPRS "PPP","","M-PPP- RELAY"," <apn_name>"</apn_name>	The PS PUSH has been received. The URC shows the PDP_type, the PDP_addr the requested L2P protocol and the APN of the incoming "Request PDP Context Activation".
		If PDP_type = "PPP" then the PDP_addr will be empty and the L2P protocol required will be the PPP relay (M-PPP-RELAY).
		If PDP_type = "IP" then the PDP_addr will be shown and the P2P protocol will be empty.
АТН	OK	Reject the incoming call and send a "PDP Context Activation Request Reject"
or		
AT+CGANS=0	OK	



5.8 Data connection management

TOBY-L2

LTE is an IP based protocol. It may use the default bearer for signaling messages related to IMS service.

The basic network policy defines that the data connection is available either through the initial default bearer or through a user defined PDP context. The default bearer is activated during the attach procedure and it is initiated by the network as a response to the initial connectivity request message from the UE. In the case the network is not providing IP connectivity through the default bearer, an APN should be associated to the default bearer in order to overcome this limitation. Furthermore, several 4G network operators allow that every APN is associated only to one EPS bearer. There is no general rule about the presented issues, therefore some considerations are provided in the following sessions.

The default initial bearer remains established throughout the lifetime of the PDN connection (since LTE is IP based) and it can be identified easily since it is automatically initiated by the DTE on CID 4. It is advised to not use the CID 4 for setting user defined PDP context.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UUSBCONF=3, "RNDIS", 0	ОК	Set USB configuration to "High throughput".
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY	Check the PIN status and act accordingly.
	OK	
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"I TIM",7	Check the +COPS <act> and act accordingly:</act>
	OK	 If <act> = 7 (LTE) then no further action is needed</act>
		Else activate the context with +CGACT
		Check IP connectivity:
		 If IP connectivity is provided no further actions are needed
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+UCGDFLT=1,"IP","ibox.tim.i t"	OK	Set the APN for the default bearer.
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT: 4,1	Only the default initial bearer is active.
	OK	
		Check IP connectivity

5.8.1 Network policy: no IP connectivity on the default bearer



Command	Response	Description
AT+UUSBCONF=3, "RNDIS",0	OK	Set USB configuration to "High throughput".
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ibox.tim.i t"	ОК	Define a context accordingly
AT+UCGDFLT=1,"IP","ibox.tim.i t"	OK	Set the APN for the default bearer.
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY OK	Check the PIN status and act accordingly.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"I TIM",7 OK	 Check the +COPS <act> and act accordingly:</act> If <act> = 7 (LTE) then no further action is needed</act>
AT+CGACT=1,1	+CME ERROR: Unknown error	Tentative to activate the PDP context on CID 1 is failed. The APN is associated to the default bearer, which is already active.
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT: 1,0 +CGACT: 4,1	Only the default initial bearer is active.
	OK	
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","wap.tim.it	OK	Set another APN to CID 1
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	The second bearer can be activated, since a different APN is used

5.8.2 Network policy: only one bearer for each APN can be activated

5.8.3 Network policy: more than one bearer with the same APN can be activated

Command	Response	Description
AT+UUSBCONF=3,"RNDIS",0	OK	Set the USB configuration to "High throughput" and disable the audio over USB.
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","web.omnite l.it"	ОК	Define a context accordingly
AT+UCGDFLT=1,"IP","web.omnite l.it"	ОК	Set the APN for data connection for the default bearer
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY OK	Check the PIN status and act accordingly.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",7 OK	 Check the +COPS <act> and act accordingly:</act> If <act> = 7 (LTE) then no further action is needed</act> Else activate the context with +CGACT
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	PDP context on CID 1 activated successfully
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT: 1,1 +CGACT: 4,1	
	UK	

In the case of handover from LTE to 3G/2G, most of the networks will also keep the initial default bearer active in 3G.

In the case of handover from 3G/2G to LTE, the PDP contexts activated in 3G will also be kept active in LTE.

Figure 4 shows the flow chart with the suggested operations and actions for an LTE PS registration from the DTE point of view.





Figure 4: Data connection activation flow chart for TOBY-L2

Previous LTE network registration, the initial default bearer must be set using the command +UCGDFLT.

Once the network registration is successful, the DTE must check the RAT:

- 3G/2G case: the PDP context must be defined and activated (+CGDCONT and +CGACT)
- LTE case: according to the network policies, the user must use the initial default bearer or, if allowed, may define a PDP



5.9 Network connectivity in ROUTER mode

TOBY-L2

This section describes how to set up a data connection in ROUTER mode.

5.9.1 2G/3G case

Command	Response	Description
AT+UBMCONF?	+UBMCONF: 1	Check the networking mode. The factory-programmed value is ROUTER mode
	OK	(1=ROUTER mode).
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	Check the cellular network registration status.
	OK	
<pre>AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","web.omnite l.it"</pre>	OK	Define and activate a context accordingly
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	
AT+CGCONTRDP	+CGCONTRDP: 1,0,"web.omnitel. it","100.87.85.236.255.255.25 5.255","100.87.85.236","83.22 4.70.94","83.224.66.138",,,0, 0	DNS primary server address is 83.224.70.94.
	OK	

5.9.2 4G case

Command	Response	Description
AT+UBMCONF?	+UBMCONF: 1	Check the networking mode. The factory-programmed value is ROUTER mode
	OK	(1=ROUTER mode).
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"I TIM",7	Check the cellular network registration status.
	OK	
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 4,"IP","lte.tim.it. mnc 001.mcc222.gprs","10.226. 128.209",0,0,0,0,0,0	Check the context status accordingly.
	OK	
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT: 4,1	The fourth context is activated.
	OK	
AT+UCGDFLT?	+UCGDFLT: "IP","",0,0,0,0,0,0 ,0, 0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,"" OK	
AT+CFUN=4	ОК	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+UCGDFLT=1,"IP","ibox.tim.i t"	OK	Setting the APN for data connection (it will be used also for signaling).
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+UCGDFLT?	+UCGDFLT: "IP","ibox.tim.it", 0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0 ,0,0,,,,"" OK	
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 4,"IP","ibox.tim.it .mnc001.mcc222.gprs","5.168.2 09.178",0,0,0,0,0,0 OK	



Command	Response	Description
AT+CGCONTRDP	+CGCONTRDP: 4,5,"ibox.tim.it. mnc001.mcc222.gprs","5.168.20 9.178.255.255.255.255","5.168 .209.178","10.207.43.46","10. 206.56.132","0.0.0.0","0.0.0. 0",0 OK	Read the IP address (5.168.209.178) and the primary DNS address (10.207.43.46) of the EPS bearer.

5.9.3 Set up the connection on Windows 7

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ibox.tim.i t"	ОК	Define a PDP context with the needed APN.
AT+UCGDFLT=1,"IP","ibox.tim.i t"	OK	Define the initial PDP context with the needed APN. This will be activated only if the module registers to an LTE network.
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY	Check the PIN status and act accordingly.
	OK	
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"I TIM",7	Check the +COPS <act> and act accordingly:</act>
	OK	 If <act> = 7 (LTE) then no further action is needed</act> Else activate the context with +CGACT
AT+CGCONTRDP	+CGCONTRDP: 4,5,"ibox.tim.it. mnc001.mcc222.gprs","5.168.20 9.178.255.255.255.255","5.168 .209.178","10.207.43.46","10. 206.56.132","0.0.0.0","0.0.0. 0",0 OK	Read the IP address (5.168.209.178) and the primary DNS address (10.207.43.46) of the EPS bearer.

Windows can be configured using the command shell or the graphical UI. This document describes only the graphical UI method.

Open "Network and Sharing Center" and click on "Local Area Connection 3" (associated to RNDIS interface):





Figure 5: Windows 7 Control Panel

Click on "Properties":

eneral		
Connection -		
IPv4 Connect	ivity:	Internet
IPv6 Connect	wity:	No network access
Media State:		Enabled
Duration:		00:35:07
Speed:		425.9 Mbps
Activity		- 224
	Sent —	- Received
Bytes:	2.423.181	108.893.804
and the second se	× .	

Figure 6: Local Area Connection status

Search "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" and click on "Properties":



and the second s			
Connect using:			
Remote NDIS ba	ased Internet Sharing [Device	
This connection uses t	he following items:	Configu	ire
BtDefender F	irewall NDIS Filter Drive	er	^
QoS Packet S	Scheduler In Sharing for Morroach	Mahuadaa	
Internet Proto	col Version 6 (TCP/IPv	Networks	
Internet Proto	col Version 4 (TCP/IPv	4)	-
🗹 🔺 Link-Layer To	pology Discovery Map	per I/O Driver	
V + Link Jame To	pology Discovery Resp	onder	*
- Lik-Layer 10	111		+
<			
Instal	Uninstall	Propert	ies
Install		Propert	les
Install Description Transmission Contro wide area network p across diverse interc	Uninstall	Properti occil. The defa ommunication	ies aut

Figure 7: Local Area Connection 3 properties

Check the "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" option. This enables the DHCP client on the RNDIS interface.

	Alternate Configuration				
You car this cap for the	n get IP settings assigned au ability. Otherwise, you need appronciate IP settings.	tomatically if to ask your	your n netwo	etwork ′k admir	supports iistrator
00	otain an IP address automat	ically]			
IP ac	ddress:		-4		ti.
Subr	iet mask:	a la	14	1	
Defa	ult gateway:	()	14	1	
e o Brefe Aker	gtain DNS server address au g the following DNS server a stred DNS server: nate DNS server:	tomatically addresses:	>	*	
person (alidate settings upon exit			Ady	anced

Figure 8: Internet protocol Version 4 properties



If it is not possible to access the Internet, then manually set the DNS server address. For example, use the DNS server provided by the cellular network (83.224.70.94 or 10.207.43.46), or Google DNS servers (8.8.8.8 or 8.8.4.4):

You can get IP se this capability. Of for the appropria	ttings assigned auton therwise, you need to te IP settings.	natically if ask your i	your n networ	etwork s rk admini	supports strator
Obtain an IF	address automatical	Y			
O Uge the folk	wing IP address:				
IP address:		(S)	4	6	
Sybnet mask:		1	14	197	
Default gatew	ay:		0.4	(10)	Ĩ.
Obtain DNS	server address auton	atically			
O Use the folk	wing DNS server add	resser	-	-	-
Preferred DNS	server:	83 . 22	24.7	0.94	
Alternate DNS	server:	-	-	-	-
🕅 Valjdate se	ttings upon exit			Adys	nced

Figure 9: Set the preferred DNS



5.10 Network connectivity (BRIDGE mode)

5.10.1 2G/3G case

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+UBMCONF=2	OK	Set the BRIDGE mode configuration
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",2	Check the cellular network registration status.
	OK	
<pre>AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","web.omnite 1.it"</pre>	OK	Define a PDP context with the needed APN.
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	Activate the PDP context
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel .it","2.43.2.44",0,0,0,0,0,0,0	Read the IP address: 2.43.2.44
	OK	
AT+UIPADDR=1	+UIPADDR: 1,"usb0:0","2.43.2. 211","255.255.255.255","",""	Read the USB IP configuration and the IPv4 address of the interface: 2.43.2.211. This address should be used as gateway.
	OK	
AT+CGCONTRDP=1	+CGCONTRDP: 1,0,"web.omnite1. it","2.43.2.44.255.255.255.25 5","2.43.2.44","10.133.13.210 ","83.224.65.106","0.0.0.0"," 0.0.0.0",0 OK	Read the IP address (2.43.2.44) and the primary DNS address (10.133.17.210) of the EPS bearer.

5.10.2 4G case

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=4	OK	Set the module in airplane mode.
AT+UBMCONF=2	OK	Set the BRIDGE mode configuration
AT+CFUN=1	OK	Set the module to full functionality.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"I TIM",7	Check the cellular network registration status.
	OK	
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT:1,4	
	OK	
AT+UIPADDR=4	+UIPADDR: 4,"usb0:3","2.197.1 7.206","255.255.255.255",""," "	Read the USB IP configuration and the IPv4 address of the interface: 2.197.17.206. This address should be used as gateway.
	OK	
AT+CGCONTRDP	+CGCONTRDP: 4,5,"ibox.tim.it. mnc001.mcc222.gprs","2.197.17 .49.255.255.255.255","2.197.1 7.49","10.207.43.46","10.206. 56.132","0.0.0.0","0.0.0.0",0	Read the IP address (2.197.17.49) and the primary DNS address (10.207.43.46) of the EPS bearer.
	OK	



5.10.3 Set up the connection on Windows 7

Windows can be configured using the command shell or the UI. This document describes only the UI method. The configuration is split into two phases:

- Basic configuration: allows internet browsing, which is the advised configuration for most users
- Debug configuration: allows communication with the TOBY-L2 module, advised for debug sessions.

5.10.3.1 Basic configuration

Using this configuration it is possible to access the Internet.

Open "Network and Sharing Center" and click on "Local Area Connection 3" (associated to RNDIS interface):



Figure 10: Windows 7 Control Panel

Click on "Properties":



eneral	
Connection	
IPv4 Connectivity	No Internet access
IPv6 Connectivity	No network access
Media State:	Enabled
Duration:	00:06:20
Speed:	425.9 Mbps
Activity	
Activity	Sent — Received
Activity	Sent — Received 0 2.880
Activity Bytes:	Sent — Received 0 2.880

Figure 11: Local Area Connection status

Search "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" and click on "Properties":

	9		
Connect using:			
Remote ND	S based Internet Sharing De	evice	
		Configure	en/
This connection us	es the following items:	Zenigers	
BtDefend	er Firewall NDIS Filter Driver		
QoS Pack	et Scheduler		
File and P	rinter Sharing for Microsoft N	Vetworks	1
A Internet P	ratocal Version 6 (TCP/IPv6	5	
	rotocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4	0	1
Ink-Lave	r Topology Discovery Mapp	er I/O Driver	
V + Link-Lave	r Topology Discovery Respo	onder	
•	111		
l <u>o</u> stal	📄 🗌 Uninstall 🌔	Properties	
Description		-	-
Transmission Co wide area netwo	ntrol Protocol/Internet Proto rk protocol that provides co terconnected networks.	col. The defaul mmunication	t
across diverse in			

Figure 12: Local Area Connection properties



Check the option "Use the following IP address" and "Use the following DNS server addresses". Set the IP address provided by network (+CGCONTRDP), and the network mask 255.255.255.255.255. Set the DNS server address returned by network (+CGCONTRDP) or, for example, the Google public DNS server (8.8.8.8). Click on "OK" to apply all settings.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties	? ×
General	
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network admir for the appropriate IP settings.	supports iistrator
Obtain an IP address automatically	
• Use the following IP address:	
IP address: 2 . 43 . 2 . 44	
Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 255	
Default gateway: 2 . 43 . 2 . 21	
Obtain DNS server address automatically	
O Use the following DNS server addresses:	
Preferred DNS server: 10 . 133 . 13 . 210	
Alternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	anced
ОК	Cancel

Figure 13: Internet protocol Version 4 properties

If a window pops up with the following warning, ignore it and click "Yes".



Figure 14: Warning error during IP configuration

Now it is possible to access the Internet.

Depending on the system configuration, Windows could add some auto generated IP addresses that will cause mismatches in the routing table. It is now shown how to verify that the appropriate configuration has been applied.

Open a DOS shell and check the IP configuration via the "ipconfig /all" command as shown below:



C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe	_ 0	23
Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection 2: Connection-specific DNS Suffix .: Description	ng Dev	ice
C:\Users\msin>		~

Figure 15: Shell IP Configuration

Verify that the IP address has been applied correctly to the RNDIS interface.

If there are any IP addresses not related to the current procedure, remove them using the DOS shell (see TOBY-L2 series Networking Modes Application Note [12] for more details).

Check the routing table via the "route print" command as shown below:

Select Administrator: C:\Windows\System32\cm	d.exe	
C:\Windows\system32>route print Interface List 19b2 f6 11 7b 09 17Remot 1Soft	te NDIS based Internet Sharing Devic Jare Loopback Interface 1	e=====
IPv4 Route Table		
Active Routes: Network Postination Netmask 0.0.0.0 00.0.0 2.43.2.42 255.055.255 127.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 127.0.0.1 255.255.255.255 127.255.255.255 255.255 224.0.0.0 240.0.0.0 255.255.255.255 255.255.255 255.255.255.255 255.255.255 255.255.255.255 255.255.255	Gateway Interface 2.43.2.211 2.43.2.44 On-link 2.20.01 On-link 127.0.0.1 On-link 2.43.2.44 On-link 2.43.2.44	266 306 306 306 306 306 306 266 266 266
Persistent Routes: Network Address Netmask 0.0.0 0.8.0.0 IPv6 Route Table	Gateway Address Metric 2.43.2.211 Default	=====
Active Routes: If Metric Network Destination 1 306 ff00::/8 Particitation Sector:	Gateway On-link On-link	
None C:\Windows\system32>		*

Figure 16: Routing table

Verify that the routing table has been created correctly as shown on the figure.

5.10.3.2 Debug configuration

This section describes how to configure the RNDIS settings for debugging purposes. The previous configuration must be set before proceeding.

Open the "Internet protocol Version 4 properties" as described above and click "Advanced".



Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties 2 X
General	
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	natically if your network supports ask your network administrator
Obtain an IP address automaticall	у
Ouse the following IP address:	
IP address:	2 . 43 . 2 . 44
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 255
Default gateway:	2 . 43 . 2 . 211
Obtain DNS server address autom	natically
Ose the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	10 . 133 . 13 . 210
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
	OK Cancel

Figure 17: Internet protocol Version 4 properties

Click on "Add" to add an 'alias'.

	WINS		
IP addresses			
IP address		Subnet mask	
2.43.2.44		255.255.255.255	
<	Add	Edit Rem	iove
Default gateways:			
Gateway		Metric	
2 43 2 211		Automatic	
2. 15.2.211			
2. 13.2.211	Add	Edit Rem	iove
Automatic metri	Add	Edit Rem	nove
Automatic metri Interface metric:	Add	Edit Rem	iove
Automatic metric	Add	Edit Rem	iove

Figure 18: Advanced TCP/IP settings





Figure 19 +UIPCONF AT command output

In the new window, insert the IP address returned by +UIPCONF AT command (third IP address in the Figure 19), set the subnet mask to "255.255.255.0" and press "Add".

TCP/IP Address	<u>[</u> 2 8]
IP address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 100
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
	Add Cancel

Figure 20: TCP/IP address

Click "OK" in the previous windows to apply the configuration.

It is now possible to ping the module with the command "ping 192.168.1.1", where "192.168.1.1" is the IP address of the module (first IP address in the Figure 19).

To verify that the appropriate configuration has been applied, open a DOS shell and check the IP configuration via the "ipconfig /all" command, as shown below:





Verify that the new IP alias has been set correctly.

Check the routing table via the "route print" command as shown below:



C:\Windows\system32	\cmd.exe	No.			
Microsoft Windows Copyright (c) 2009	[Version 6.1.7601 Microsoft Corpor] ation. All right	s reserved.		•
C:\Users\msin>rout	e print			======	=
Interface List 19b2 f6 11 7b 1	09 17Remot Softw	e NDIS based Inte are Loopback Inte	rnet Sharing Dev rface 1 ====================================	ice	
IPv4 Route Table					
Active Routes:					
Network Destinatio	n Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Metric	
0.0.0	0.0.0	2.43.2.211	2.43.2.44	266	
2.43.2.44	255.255.255.255	On-link	2.43.2.44	266	
127.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	On-link	127.0.0.1	306	
127.0.0.1	255.255.255.255	On-link	127.0.0.1	306	
127 9EF 255 233	499.499.499.499	Vn-Tiuk	141.0.0.1	306	
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	On-link	2.43.2.44	261	
192.100.1.100			2.13.2.44	266	
192.168.1.255	255.255.255.255		2.43.2.44	266	
224.0.0.0	240.0.0.0		127.0.0.1	306	
	240.0.0.0		2.43.2.44	200	
			127.0.0.1	306	
255.255.255.255	255.255.255.255	UN-11NK	2.43.2.44	200	
Pausistant Pautas					
Network Address	Netmask	Cateway Address	Metnic		
	0 0 0 0	2 43 9 911	Nefault		
=======================================		=======================================	=================		
IPv6 Route Table					
Active Routes:					
If Metric Network	. Destination	Gatewau			
1 306 ::1/128		On-link			
1 306 ff00::/	8	On-link			
Persistent Routes:					
None					
					Ŧ

Figure 22: Routing table

Verify that the routing has been set correctly, as shown on the figure.

5.10.3.3 Restore previous windows configuration

To stop the data connectivity, delete all the aliases added to the RNDIS interface:

- remove the alias from "Advanced TCP/IP Settings":
 - o in the provided example remove the alias associated to address "192.168.1.100"
- check the option "Obtain an IP address automatically" and "Obtain DNS server address automatically" option

5.10.4 Using sockets on an already activated PDP context

TOBY-L2

Command The network assigns IPv4v6 address	Response	Description
AT+CGDCONT=8,"IPV4V6","apn_nam e"	OK	Define the PDP context 8 with PDP type "IPV4V6" and APN "apn_name".
AT+CGACT=1,8	OK	PDP context 8 activation: IPv4v6 address assigned by the network.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 8,"IPV4V6","apn_nam e","100.108.232.233 38.0.16.3 .177.33.116.198.0.0.0.3.107.2 32.191.1",0,0,0,0,0,0 OK	Return both IPv4 (100.108.232.233) and IPv6 (38.0.16.3.177.33.116.198.0.0.0.3.107.232.191.1) addresses.
AT+UPSD=0,100,8	OK	Profile #0 is mapped on CID=8.



Command	Response	Description
AT+UPSD=0,0,2	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv4v6 with IPv4 preferred for internal sockets.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0: IPv4v6 address already assigned by the network.
	+UUPSDA: 0,"100.108.232.233"	URC indicating that the PSD profile #0 has been successfully activated and the IPv4 assigned to the activated PDP context.
The network assigns IPv4v6 address		
AT+CGDCONT=8,"IPV4V6","apn_nam e"	OK	Define the PDP context 8 with PDP type "IPV4V6" and APN "apn_name".
AT+CGACT=1,8	OK	PDP context 8 activation: IPv4v6 address assigned by the network.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 8,"IPV4V6","apn_nam e","100.108.232.233 38.0.16.3 .177.33.116.198.0.0.0.3.107.2 32.191.1",0,0,0,0,0,0 OK	Return both IPv4 (100.108.232.233) and IPv6 (38.0.16.3.177.33.116.198.0.0.0.3.107.232.191.1) addresses.
AT+UPSD=0,100,8	OK	Profile #0 is mapped on CID=8.
AT+UPSD=0,0,3	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv4v6 with IPv6 preferred for internal sockets.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0: IPv4v6 address already assigned by the network.
	+UUPSDA: 0,"38.0.16.3.177.33. 116.198.0.0.0.3.107.232.191.1 "	URC indicating that the PSD profile #0 has been successfully activated and the IPv6 assigned to the activated PDP context.
The network assigns IPv4 address only		
AT+CGDCONT=8,"IPV4V6","apn_nam e"	OK	Define the PDP context 8 with PDP type "IPV4V6" and APN "apn_name".
AT+CGACT=1,8	OK	PDP context 8 activation: only IPv4 address assigned by the network.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 8,"IP","apn_name"," 100.108.232.233",0,0,0,0,0,0 OK	Return IPv4 address.
AT+UPSD=0,100,8	ОК	Profile #0 is mapped on CID=8.
AT+UPSD=0,0,3	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv4v6 with IPv6 preferred for internal sockets.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	+CME ERROR: IP type configuration mismatch	Return an error code because is detected a mismatch among the IPv4 assigned by the network and the preference for using an IPv6 in internal sockets.
AT+UPSD=0,0,0	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv4 referring the output of the "AT+CGDONT?" command.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0: IPv4 address already assigned by the network.
	+UUPSDA: 0,"100.108.232.233"	URC indicating that the PSD profile #0 has been successfully activated and the IPv4 assigned to the activated PDP context.
The network assigns IPv6 address only		
AT+CGDCONT=8,"IPV4V6","apn_nam e"	OK	Define the PDP context 8 with PDP type "IPV4V6" and APN "apn_name".
AT+CGACT=1,8	OK	PDP context 8 activation: only IPv6 address assigned by the network.
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 8,"IP","apn_name"," 38.0.16.3.177.33.116.198.0.0. 0.3.107.232.191.1",0,0,0,0,0,0,0 0 OK	Return IPv6 address.
AT+UPSD=0,100,8	OK	Profile #0 is mapped on CID=8.
AT+UPSD=0,0,2	ОК	Set the PDP type to IPv4v6 with IPv4 preferred for internal sockets.



Command	Response	Description
AT+UPSDA=0,3	+CME ERROR: IP type configuration mismatch	Return an error code because is detected a mismatch among the IPv6 assigned by the network and the preference for using an IPv4 in internal sockets.
AT+UPSD=0,0,1	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv6 referring the output of the "AT+CGDONT?" command.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0: IPv6 address already assigned by the network.
	+UUPSDA: 0,"38.0.16.3.177.33. 116.198.0.0.0.3.107.232.191.1 "	URC indicating that the PSD profile #0 has been successfully activated and the IPv6 assigned to the activated PDP context.

5.10.5 PDP context activation by means of +UPSDA, impact of <PDP_type> on address

Command	Response	Description
AT+UPSD=0,1,"apn_name"	OK	Set up APN for the PSD profile #0.
AT+UPSD=0,0,3	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv4v6 with IPv6 preferred for internal sockets.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	+CME ERROR: APN configuration mismatch	Return an error code because in detected a mismatch: in fact the network assigns only the IPv4, while the preference is for using IPv6 in internal sockets.
AT+UPSD=0,0,0	OK	Change the PDP type to IPv4.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0: only IPv4 assigned by the network.
	+UUPSDA: 0,"100.108.232.233"	URC indicating that the PSD profile #0 has been successfully activated and the IPv4 assigned to the activated PDP context.



6 Dynamic DNS AT command

	L	IS	A
<u>ر ا</u>			

(P

SARA-G SARA-U

Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Before using the dynamic DNS AT command, define and save an appropriate internal PSD context. See the section 5.3.

Before using the dynamic DNS client, register a dynamic domain name with one of the supported service providers. After this procedure, the values to be used as domain name, username and password will be available.

Command	Response	Description
Configure an internal PDP context without activating it (see section 4.2)		Preliminary operation.
<pre>AT+UDYNDNS=1,1,"my.registered .domain","my_username","my_pa ssword"</pre>	OK	Enable the Dynamic DNS client to work with service provider "DynDNS.org", updating domain "my.registered.domain" and authenticating with username "my_username" and password "my_password".
	+UUDYNDNS: 1,0	The client is enabled.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the internal PDP context #0.
	+UUDYNDNS: 2,4	DNS update is successfully executed.

7 TCP/IP AT commands

LEON-G

LISA-U

SARA-U

Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

SARA-G

Verify that the module is registered with the network, and a GPRS connection is activated. Follow the steps in "GPRS connection" (section 5).

7.1 Socket connect

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCR=6	+USOCR: 0 OK	TCP socket creation. In this example Socket #0 is created.
		The information text response returns the created socket identifier (in this case #0). If a new socket is created (without closing the already existent), a new socket identifier will be returned.
AT+USOCR=6	+USOCR: 1	Create another socket (in this case the socket
	0K	identifier is T).
AT+USOCL=1	OK	Close socket #1. Socket #1 is free.
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241" OK	DNS resolution of the URL "ftp.u-blox.com".



Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCO=0,"195.34.89.241",21	OK	Connect socket #0 to port 21 of a remote host with IP address 195.34.89.241.
		The connection is now uniquely associated to the socket. Socket is now ready for read / write operations.
AT+USOCO=0,"195.34.89.241",21	ERROR	If the connection is not successfully performed, an error result code is returned and the socket used for
	+UUSOCL: 0	the connection attempt <u>is closed</u> . The notification is provided by +UUSOCL URC.

7.2 Socket listening

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCR=6	+USOCR: 0 OK	TCP socket creation with ID #0.
AT+USOLI=0,1099	OK	Set socket in listening mode on port 1099.
		WARNING: The ability to reach the opened port on the server depends also on the network operator. Some network operators do not allow incoming connection on opened TCP/UDP port.
	+UUSOLI: 1,"151.9.34.66",3991 2,0,"151.9.34.74",1099	When a connection request arrives from a remote host, a new socket is created with the first integer identifier available. In this example socket ID is #1.
		+UUSOLI indicates:
		1 : the new socket created. Incoming data from the established connection will be received on this socket. Data to be sent must be written into this socket
		151.9.34.66: IP of the remote server
		39912: service port
		0 : listening socket. It is the socket identifier specified with the AT+USOLI command
		151.9.34.74: module IP address
		1099 : listening port assigned to the connection. Configured with AT+USOLI command
		Socket #1 is now ready for reading/writing data
	+UUSORD: 1,18	18 bytes of incoming data over the previously established connection.
		The incoming data will always be sent on the related socket.

7.3 Socket write

7.3.1 Binary mode

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOWR=0,2	Ģ	Request to write 2 data bytes into socket #0. Wait "@" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open (AT commands are not allowed in data prompt).



Command	Response	Description
12	+USOWR: 0,2	Write data bytes.
	ОК	It is not allowed to write fewer bytes than previously specified with AT+USOWR command.
		If more bytes are written respect to the threshold, the remaining bytes will be truncated.
		The interface is blocked until all bytes are written.
		If the final result code is returned then the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not a notification of an acknowledgment received from the remote host data bytes have been sent to.

7.3.2 Base syntax

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOWR=0,2,"12"	+USOWR: 0,2	Write 2 data bytes data on socket #0.
	OK	If the final result code is returned then the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not an acknowledgment from the remote host where the data bytes were sent.
		Some characters are not allowed in base syntax mode. Check the u-blox AT command manual [1] for the allowed characters.

7.3.3 Queue FULL

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOWR=0,2,"12"	ERROR	If socket buffer is full, then the data bytes inserted in data prompt will be discarded: this may happen if the network is congested or if network coverage is lost.
		In this case an error result code is returned.
AT+USOCTL=0,10	+USOCTL: 0,10,4 OK	In case of an error result code, it is recommended to query the state of TCP connection associated to the socket in order to verify the socket is still connected.
		The third parameter of URC +USOCTL is the state; if its value is 4, it means the connection is established.
AT+USOCTL=0,11	+USOCTL: 0,11,0	It is also possible to query for TCP outgoing unacknowledged data of the socket (this command is valid only for TCP socket)
		In this case, 0 bytes of data is unacknowledged.

7.3.4 GSM network coverage lost

7.3.4.1 First scenario: network coverage lost after AT+USOWR command

Command	Response	Description
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable network registration URC.
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241" OK	DNS resolution of the URL "ftp.u-blox.com".



Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCO=0,"195.34.89.241",21	OK	Connect socket #0 to port 21 of a remote host with IP address 195.34.89.241.
		In this example an echo server has been used.
		The socket is now ready for read / write data.
AT+USOWR=0,3	Q	Request to write 3 data bytes on socket #0. Wait for "@" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open (AT commands are not allowed in data prompt).
123	+USOWR: 0,3	Write data bytes.
	OK	It is not allowed to write fewer bytes than previously specified with AT+USOWR command.
		If more bytes are written respect to the threshold, the remaining bytes will be truncated.
		The interface is blocked until all bytes are written. If the final result code is returned, then the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not an acknowledgment from the remote host where the data bytes were sent.
	+UUSORD: 0,3	Remote TCP test server sent back data.
		Coverage lost may be simulated by disconnecting the antenna from the module. In this case the GSM/GPRS signal coverage is missing.
	+CREG: 2	Module is not registered with a mobile network. Currently in "search" mode.
AT+USOWR=0,2	Q	Request to write 2 data bytes into socket #0. Wait for "@" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open (AT commands are not allowed in data prompt).
12	+USOWR: 0,2	Write data. After the last byte the data prompt is closed.
	OK	It is not allowed to write fewer bytes than previously specified with AT+USOWR command.
		If more bytes are written respect to the threshold, the remaining bytes will be truncated.
		The interface is blocked until all bytes are written.
		If the final result code is returned then the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not an acknowledgment from the remote host where the data bytes were sent.
		The interface is blocked until all bytes are written.
		Coverage lost may be simulated by disconnecting the antenna from the module.
	+CREG: 1	Module registered with network.
	+UUSORD: 0,2	Remote TCP test server sent back data.
		This means data has been sent immediately after network coverage has been reestablished.

7.3.4.2 Second scenario: network coverage lost during an AT+USOWR command

Command	Response	Description
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable network registration URC.
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241" OK	DNS resolution of the URL "ftp.u-blox.com".



Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCO=0,"195.34.89.241",21	OK	Connect socket #0 to the remote host with IP address 195.34.89.241 on port 21.
		In this example an echo server has been used.
		The socket is now ready to read / write data.
AT+USOWR=0,100	G	Request to write 100 data bytes into socket #0. Wait for "@" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open (AT commands are not allowed in data prompt).
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	+CREG: 2	Module loses the network while writing data in data prompt mode. If enabled a URC is returned in the byte stream.
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	+USOWR: 0,100	Continue writing data.
aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa		After the last byte the data prompt is closed.
<u>aaaaaaaaaaaaaa</u>	OK	The command is blocking until the data writing is not finished.
		If the final result code is returned then the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not an acknowledgment from the remote host where the data bytes were sent.
	+CREG: 1	Module registered with network.
	+UUSORD: 0,100	Remote TCP test server sent back data.
		This means data was sent immediately after network coverage was reestablished.

7.4 Socket operations with "Keep Alive" option

In "Keep Alive" mode, the module periodically sends dummy TCP packets to prevent the network from closing the inactive context. The network operator may close inactive TCP connections without notification to the mobile.

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCR=6	+USOCR: 0	Create a TCP socket #0.
	OK	
AT+USOSO=0,65535,8,1	ОК	 Enable "keep alive" option. This socket option enables the module to send dummy IP packets to keep the connection alive. 0: socket number to be set to enable keep alive option 65535: specify socket level option 8: specify the "Keep Alive" option 1: enable the keep alive (set to 0 to disable it)
AT+USOSO=0,6,2,30000	OK	 Set the inactivity timeout after which the module will start to send "keep alive" packets. 0: socket number to be set to enable keep alive option 6: specify TCP level option 2: specify option TCP "keep alive" timer option 30000: module will send dummy TCP packets every 30000 ms

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7.5 Socket read

First scenario

Command	Response	Description
	+UUSORD: 0,2	Remote server sends 2 data bytes on socket #0. A URC is returned indicating the socket on which the data is received and the total amount of data received.
AT+USORD=0,2	+USORD: 0,2,"ar" OK	Read data. Data is returned between quotation marks.

Second scenario

Command	Response	Description
	+UUSORD: 0,30	Remote server sends 30 data bytes on socket #0. If a socket buffer is empty, +UUSORD URC indicates a TCP packet has been received from the remote host the socket is connected to and the amount of data bytes of the packet.
AT+USORD=0,10	+USORD: 0,10,"hfgyrhgfty" OK	Read only part of data (in this example 10 bytes of data are read). Data is returned between quotation marks.
	+UUSORD: 0,20	+UUSORD URC indicates the total amount of data bytes stored in the buffer after last AT+USORD execution. In this example 20 bytes are stored in the buffer.

Third scenario

Command	Response	Description
		Remote server sends 30 data bytes on socket #0.
	+UUSORD: 0,30	If a socket buffer is empty +UUSORD URC indicates a TCP packet has been received from the remote host the socket is connected to and the amount of data bytes of the packet.
AT+USORD=0,10	+USORD: 0,10,"hfgyrhgfty" OK	Only part of the data bytes (10 bytes in this example) are read. The data is returned between quotation marks.
	+UUSORD: 0,25	Remote server sent more data after the first part was received. +UUSORD URC indicates the total amount of data bytes stored the buffer after the last AT+USORD execution. In this example 25 bytes are stored in the buffer.
AT+USORD=0,10	+USORD: 0,10,"hfgbchs7[o" OK	Only part of the data bytes (10 bytes in this example) is read. Data is returned between quotation marks.
	+UUSORD: 0,34	Remote server sent more data. +UUSORD URC indicates the total amount of data bytes stored the buffer after the last AT+USORD execution. In this example 34 bytes are stored in the buffer.
AT+USORD=0,34	+USORD: 0,34,"jghfbv74ksHDFUE çpjè0'@èpyujfnvhfyù" OK	All the bytes are read.
AT+USORD=0,0	+USORD: 0,0 OK	Verifies how much unread data is in the buffer. In this example 0 bytes are in socket #0.



Fourth scenario

Command	Response	Description
	+UUSORD: 0,30	Remote host sends 30 bytes of data on socket #0. If a socket buffer is empty +UUSORD URC indicates a TCP packet has been received from the remote host the socket is connected to and the amount of data bytes of the packet.
AT+USORD=0,10	+USORD: 0,10,"hfgyrhgfty" OK	Only part of the data bytes (10 bytes in this example) are read. Data is returned between quotation marks.
	+UUSORD: 0,25	Remote server sent other data after the first data bytes had been received. +UUSORD URC indicates the total amount of data bytes stored the buffer after last AT+USORD execution. In this example 25 bytes are in the buffer.
		Remote host closes the TCP connection associated to socket #0.
AT+USOWR=0,3	0	Request to write 3 data bytes into socket #0. Wait for "@" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open.
123	+USOWR: 0,0 OK	Write data. After the last byte the data prompt is closed.
		It is not allowed to write fewer bytes than previously specified with AT+USOWR command.
		If more bytes are written respect to the threshold, the remaining bytes will be truncated.
		The interface is blocked until all bytes are written.
		+USOWR: 0,0 URC indicates 0 bytes have been sent to remote host. This means the TCP connection is now closed.
AT+USORD=0,25	+USORD: 0,25,"23dfgt5uhj89ikd ftevlpazwe"	Read the remaining data bytes still stored in the buffer of socket #0.
	OK	
	+UUSOCL: 0	The URC indicates the TCP connection associated to socket #0 is now closed and socket #0 is cleared.

7.6 Socket state

For a detailed description of TCP socket states see the +USOCTL command description in u-blox AT Commands Manual [1].

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCTL=0,0	+USOCTL:0,0,6 OK	Query the socket type of socket #0. The socket type information is provided by the third parameter (in this case $6 - TCP$).
AT+USOCTL=0,10	+USOCTL: 0,10,4	It is possible to query the state of TCP connection associated with the socket; in this example socket #0 (this command is valid only for TCP socket).
		The third parameter of information text response provides the socket status (in this case 4 - the socket is in ESTABILISHED status).



Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCTL=0,10	+USOCTL: 0,10,7	The third parameter of the information text response provides the socket status (in this case 7 - a TCP
	OK	connection termination procedure is being performed).
AT+USOCTL=0,11	+USOCTL:0,11,0	Query for TCP outgoing unacknowledged data of socket #0 (this command is valid only for TCP socket).
	OK	In this case 0 bytes of data are unacknowledged.
AT+USOCTL=0,1	+USOCTL:0,1,0	Query for the last socket error for socket #0. If there are not errors the value is 0.
	OK	

7.7 Socket close

By remote server		
Command	Response	Description
	+UUSOCL: 1	The URC indicates the TCP connection associated to socket 1 is closed. Socket 1 is cleared.
		WARNING: After this indication has been received the socket buffer is cleared.
By the module		

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCL=0	OK	Socket closed by the module (socket #0).
		WARNING: No +UUSOCL URC returned.

7.8 Direct link

7.8.1 Enter and exit from Direct link mode

Not all the u-blox cellular modules support +UDCONF=5 / +UDCONF=6 / +UDCONF=7 AT command: see u-blox AT commands manual [1] for the products supporting these commands.

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCR=6	+USOCR: 0	TCP socket creation. In this example Socket #0 is created.
	ОК	The information text response provides the new socket identifier (in this example #0). If a new socket is created, a new socket identifier will be returned.
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241" OK	DNS resolution of the URL "ftp.u-blox.com".
AT+USOCO=0,"195.34.89.241",21	OK	Connect socket #0 to port 21 of a remote host with IP address 195.34.89.241.
		The connection is now uniquely associated to the socket. The socket is now ready for read / write operations.
AT+UDCONF=5,0,250	ОК	Set the timer trigger to 250 ms. Set the trigger after the socket creation and before switching to direct link mode.
		This step is not mandatory.



Command	Response	Description
AT+UDCONF=6,0,400	ОК	Set the data length trigger to 400 bytes. Set the trigger after the socket creation and before switching to direct link mode.
		This step is not mandatory.
AT+UDCONF=7,0,37	ОК	Set the character trigger to "%", which corresponds to the value 37 in the ASCII table. Set the trigger after the socket creation and before switching to direct link mode.
		This step is not mandatory.
AT+USODL=0	CONNECT	Activate direct link mode for socket #0. CONNECT result code means a transparent end-to- end communication has been established with the previous connected TCP socket via the serial interface. Now data received on socket #0 will be redirected to the serial port and data written on serial port will sent to socket #0.
+++	DISCONNECT	Exit from direct link mode; this will not close the TCP connection .
		Now you are in command mode.
		Data can be read or written on socket #0 using usual TCP commands (+USOWR, +USORD).
		The "DISCONNECT" result code is not supported by LEON-G100-03S / LEON-G200-03S and previous versions.
AT+USODL=0	CONNECT	Reactivate direct link mode for socket #0. Now data received on socket #0 will be redirected to the serial port and data written on serial port will sent to socket #0

7.8.2 Closing a connection

Command	Response	Description
+++	DISCONNECT	Exit from direct link mode to command mode. TCP connection is not closed.
		The "DISCONNECT" result code is not supported by LEON-G100-03S / LEON-G200-03S and previous versions.
AT+USOCL=0	OK	Clear the socket the connection is associated to.



7.8.3 Connection closed by remote host

Command	Response	Description
	DISCONNECT	If remote host closes the connection while a socket is in direct link mode module exits from direct link
	OK	mode. OK and the indication of the number of the socket has been closed is returned.
	+UUSOCL: 0	Closure Notification will be received only after all data stored in the socket buffer is written into the serial port.
		The "DISCONNECT" result code is not supported by LEON-G100-03S / LEON-G200-03S and previous versions.



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For more details on "+++" escape sequence see the section 9.1.4.

On LEON-G100-07x and previous versions and LEON-G200 series, if a context deactivation occurs, then the open sockets become invalid. Close them and reinitialize TCP connections.

7.9 Socket Always On



Not supported by LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U2x0-x1S and previous versions.

Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Before using the Socket Always On (SAO), define and save an appropriate internal PSD context (three in this example. See section 5.3, "Internal PDP context activation").

7.9.1 Client configuration

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOAO=1,3	OK	Set PDP profile 3 as default connection to be activated after the module startup.
AT+USOAO=2,0	OK	Set the client mode.
AT+USOAO=3,"somehost.somedoma in.com"	OK	Set the remote host for the TCP connection. The value can also be an IP address.
AT+USOAO=4,8448	OK	Set the remote port for the TCP connection.
AT+USOAO=5,17	OK	Set the protocol to use: 17 stands for UDP.
AT+USOAO=10,"1234"	OK	Set the PIN "1234" to be used at the startup.
AT+USOAO=0,1	OK	SAO functionality enabling.
AT+CPWROFF	OK	Shut down the module. On the next boot the functionality is active.

7.9.2 Client operation

After the client configuration is done (as described in the section 7.9.1) and the module power is on, it is assumed that the network is available, the PIN is correctly configured, the PSD profile #3 can be activated, the somehost.somedomain.com (whose IP address is e.g. 123.45.67.89) server is alive, reachable and accepts the incoming connection:



Command	Response	Description
	+UUSOAOC: "123.45.67.89",8448	The remote host has accepted the connection from the module. The Direct Link is active.

7.9.3 Server configuration

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOAO=1,3	OK	Set PDP profile 3 as default connection to be activated after the module startup.
AT+USOAO=2,1	OK	Set the server mode.
AT+USOAO=4,8448	OK	Set the listening port: incoming TCP connection need to be directed to this port.
AT+USOAO=10,"1234"	OK	Set the PIN "1234" to be used at startup.
AT+USOAO=20,"123.45.67.89"	OK	Set an acceptable IP address in the "white list". Up to 10 IP addresses (AT+USOAO=20,"" AT+USOAO=29,"") can be configured.
AT+USOAO=5,6	OK	Set the protocol to use: 6 stands for TCP
AT+USOAO=0,1	OK	SAO functionality enabling.
AT+CPWROFF	OK	Shut down the module. On the next boot the functionality is active.

7.9.4 Server operation

After the server configuration is done (as described in section 7.9.3) and the module power is on, it is assumed that the network is available, the PIN is correctly configured, the PSD profile #3 can be activated, the server at 123.45.67.89 is alive and can reach the module (whose assigned address is e.g. 123.42.65.87):

Command	Response	Description
	+UUSOAOL: "123.42.65.87",8448	The module has been assigned the IP address 123.42.65.87 and started listening on the local port 8448 for incoming connections.
	+UUSOAOC: "123.45.67.89",1000	The module has accepted the connection coming from 123.45.67.89:1000. From now on Direct Link is active.

7.10 IP Change notification



Not supported by LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U2x0-x1S and previous versions.

Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UPSD=0,1,"web.omnitel.it"	OK	Set up APN for GPRS connection profile "0".
		APN "web.omnitel.it" is an example only. Use the APN operator.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the GPRS connection.

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Command	Response	Description
AT+UIPCHGN=1,"trackingserver. OK com",4300,"modem_ip_notify.ph p",1,0,"","","Pet Tracker"	OK	Configure the IP change notification (CN) feature to send to the server "trackingserver.com" on port 4300 the IP CN. No username or password required. IMEI to be sent but not IMSI. The server path is "modem_ip_notify.php". Use as custom info "Pet Tracker".
		If the IP CN feature is enabled, then the notification is performed every time the PDP context is activated. If the client is enabled when a PDP connection is already active, it starts to update IP address on the next PDP context activation.
AT+UPSDA=0,4	OK	Disable the GPRS connection.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	ОК	Activate the GPRS connection. In this way the IP CN is forced to the server. The request sent from modem to server is (ip and imei values below are just for example):
		GET /modem_ip_notify.php?myip=123.56.214.2&imei=99 2237050009739&imsi= &user=&pass=&cust=Pet+Tracker HTTP/1.0{CRLF} Host: trackingserver.com{CRLF} User-Agent: u-blox IP Change Notification Agent 1.0{CRLF} {CRLF}
	+UUIPCHGN: 200,"IP_U	PDATED" The server replied with custom information ("IP UPDATED") and a code (200) that means no errors.

7.11 Verizon socket configuration

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This section does not apply to "OOS" and "50S" product versions.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF=3,23	OK	 The Verizon configuration is set with: the internal connection manager active VZWINTERNET automatically handled (the manager will set the PDP context with <cid>=8 to VZWINTERNET and it will automatically activate it)</cid>
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module to apply the new configuration.
AT+UPSD=0,100,8	OK	Profile 0 is mapped on CID=8
AT+UPSD=0,0,2	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv4v6 with IPv4 preferred for the internal socket
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0.
		There is no need to insert the APN because a PDP context (CID=8) already defined is used.
	+UUPSDA: 0,"215.26.32.198"	URC indicating that the PSD profile has been successfully activated and the IP address assigned to the activated PDP context



7.12 AT&T socket configuration



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This section does not apply to "00S" and "50S" product versions.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UMNOCONF=2	OK	The AT&T configuration is set: IMS service is disabled, Verizon connection manager is disabled, 3G bands are enabled, all supported 4G bands are enabled, HSDPA Category set to 14.
AT+CFUN=16	OK	The module is rebooted to apply the new configuration.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"AT&T",7	The module is registered on 4G network.
	OK	
AT+UPSD=0,100,4	OK	Suppose that the default bearer is CID=4 and it is not possible to activate another context, so profile 0 is mapped on CID=4
AT+UPSD=0,0,0	OK	Set the PDP type to IPv4 for the internal socket (AT&T wants IPv4)
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0.
		There is no need to insert the APN because a PDP context (CID=4) already defined is used.
	+UUFSDA: 0,"215.26.32.198"	URC indicating that the PSD profile has been successfully activated and the IP address assigned to the activated PDP context
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"AT&T",2	The module is registered on 3G network.
	OK	
AT+UPSD=0,1," <at&t_apn>"</at&t_apn>	OK	There is no default bearer already activated, the user shall define the PSD profile's APN
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate the PSD profile #0.
		The PSD context is activated on CID=8.
	+UUFSDA: 0,"215.26.32.198"	URC indicating that the PSD profile has been successfully activated and the IP address assigned to the activated PDP context



8 UDP/IP AT commands



LISA-U



SARA-U

Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

SARA-G

Socket write (+USOST) 8.1

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCR=17	+USOCR: 0	UDP socket creation. In this example Socket #0 is created.
	OK	The information text response returns the new socket identifier (in this example #0). If a new socket is created, a new socket identifier will be returned.
AT+USOCR=17,12000	+USOCR: 0,12000	The local port to be used for data sending can be configured during UDP socket creation.
	OK	In this example Socket #0 is created and bound with port 12000. Data written on socket #0 will be sent from this specific port.
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241" OK	DNS resolution of the URL "ftp.u-blox.com".
AT+USOST=0,"195.34.89.241",21 ,2	G	Request to write 2 bytes of data into socket #0 specifying IP address and UDP port of the remote host UDP packet has to be sent to. Wait for "@" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open (AT commands are not allowed in data prompt).
12	+USOST: 0,2	Write data. After the last data byte is written, the prompt is closed.
	OK	It is not allowed to write fewer bytes than previously specified with AT+USOST command.
		If more bytes are written with respect to the threshold, the remaining bytes will be truncated.
		The interface is blocked until all bytes are written. The final result code is returned. This means the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not an acknowledgment, UDP is a connectionless protocol.

8.2 Socket read (+USORF)

Command	Response	Description
	+UUSORD: 0,2	A UDP packet with 2 data bytes has been received.
AT+USORF=0,2	+USORF: 0,"195.34.89.241",21, 2,"12" OK	 Read data. The information text response indicates: Read socket identifier Remote IP address Remote UDP port Number of read data bytes Read data bytes (between quotation marks)
	+UUSORD: 0,20	UDP packet with 20 data bytes has been received from remote server.



Command	Response	Description
AT+USORF=0,10	+USORF: 0,"195.34.89.241",21, 2,"1234567890"	Read 10 data bytes. +UUSORD URC indicates that 10 bytes are still unread.
	OK	
	+UUSORD: 0,10	
		Remote host sends a UDP packet with 20 data bytes.
AT+USORF=0,10	+USORF: 0,"195.34.89.241",21, 2,"1234567890"	Read the remaining 10 data bytes of the previous packet. URC indicates 20 data bytes have been received and are still stored in the socket buffer.
	ОК	After the first URC has been returned, a
	+UUSORD: 0,20	 second URC is returned (only after a reading operation) indicating: If a reading operation of a packet is not finished it will provide the remaining data of the specific packet Otherwise it will provide the number of data bytes of packets stored in the socket buffer

For UDP it is highly recommended to use AT commands +USOST and +USORF instead of +USOCO, +USOWR and +USORD.

8.3 Socket write (+USOWR)

Command	Response	Description
AT+USOCR=17	+USOCR: 0 OK	UDP socket creation. In this example Socket #0 is created. The information text response returns the new socket identifier (in this example #0). If a new socket is created (without closing the already existent), a new socket identifier will be returned.
AT+USOCR=17,12000	+USOCR: 0,12000 OK	The local port to be used while sending data can be configured during UDP socket creation. In this example Socket #0 is created and bound with port 12000. Data written on socket #0 will be sent from this specific port.
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241" OK	DNS resolution of the URL "ftp.u-blox.com".
AT+USOCO=0,"195.34.89.241",21	OK	Specify IP address of the remote server and TCP port where UDP packets have to be sent.
		UDP is a connectionless protocol, reception of UDP packets is not guaranteed, +USOCO does not establish a connection.
		Socket is now ready for data sending to the remote server or for receiving data from the remote server.
AT+USOWR=0,2	e	Request to write 2 bytes of data into socket #0.Wait for "@" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open (AT commands are not allowed in data prompt).



Command	Response	Description
12 +USOWR: 0,2	+USOWR: 0,2	Write data. After the last byte the data is written, the prompt is closed.
	OK	It is not allowed to write fewer bytes than previously specified with AT+USOWR command.
		If more bytes are written with respect to the threshold, the remaining bytes will be truncated.
		The interface is blocked until all bytes are written.
		+USOWR: 0,2 URC and OK are returned. This means the data is sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not an acknowledgment.

8.4 Socket read (+USORD)

Command	Response	Description
	+UUSORD: 0,2	A UDP packet with 2 data bytes has been received from remote server.
AT+USORD=0,2	+USORD: 0,2,"23" OK	Read the data.
	+UUSORD: 0,20	A UDP packet with 2 data bytes has been received from remote server.
AT+USORD=0,10	+USORD: 0,10,"1234567890" OK +UUSORD: 0,10	Read 10 bytes of data. URC indicates that 10 bytes are still unread. UDP packet with 20 byte of data received from remote server.
AT+USORD=0,10	+USORD: 0,10,"1234567890" OK +UUSORD: 0,20	 Read the remaining 10 data bytes of the previous packet. URC indicates 20 data bytes has been received and are still stored in the socket buffer. After the first URC has been returned, a second URC is returned (only after a reading operation) indicating: If a reading operation of a packet is not finished it will be provided the remaining data of the specific packet Otherwise it will provide the number of data bytes of packets stored in the socket buffer

If the UDP socket is not set in listening mode (see +USOLI) it will not be possible to receive any packet if a previous write operation is not performed.


9 FTP AT commands



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LISA-U



Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

SARA-G

Make sure to follow the steps in "GPRS connection" (section 5) before using the AT commands in this section.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UFTP=1,"ftp.u-blox.com"	ОК	Parameter configuration for FTP server connection. These parameters will be set: • FTP server hostname
AT+UFTP=2,"anonymous"	OK	• FTP username
AT+UFTP=3,"user@somedomain.co m"	ОК	• FTP password
AT+UFTP=6,0	OK	• FTP connection mode (ACTIVE connection)
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241"	Hostname resolution.
	OK	
		Connect to the server and manage the FTP connection using the +UFTPC command. Let's start connecting to the server.
AT+UFTPC=1	OK +UUFTPCR: 1,1	The +UUFTPCR URC provides the FTP command result (the last parameter provides the result, 1 if is successfully performed).
AT+UFTPC=13	OK	Request the file list on the server.
	+UUFTPCD: 13,194,"-rw-rr 1 ftp ftp 1037 Aug 5 09:45 dat_000 -rw-rr 1 ftp ftp 21041 Aug 5 09:12 data.zip -rw-rr 1 ftp ftp 12 Aug 5 09:42 xlog.zip "	
	+UUFTPCR: 13.1	
AT+UFTPC=10,"uploads"	ОК	Directory creation on the FTP server.
	+UUFTPCR: 10,1	
AT+UFTPC=13	OK	Request again the file list.
	<pre>+UUFTPCD: 13,258,"-rw-rr 1 ftp ftp 1037 Aug 5 09:45 dat_000 -rw-rr 1 ftp ftp 21041 Aug 5 09:12 data.zip drwxr-xr-x 2 ftp ftp 4096 Aug 5 09:48 uploads -rw-rr 1 ftp ftp 12 Aug 5 09:42 xlog.zip " +UUFTPCR: 13,1</pre>	



Command	Response	Description
command	hespense	Change directory to directory name "uploads"
AT+UFTPC=8, "uploads"	OK	Use AT+UFTPC=8, "" to return back in the
	+UUFTPCR: 8,1	parent directory.
AT+UFTPC=5,"gps_positions","g ps_positions"	OK	Upload a file from the module to FTP server from local file system of the module (in this example filename
Amutiempo-F Mana positional Ma	+UUFTPCR: 5,1	gps_positions).
ps_positions",250	UN	local module file system (in this example filename
	TOUFIFCR: 5,1	gps_positions), starting non byte 250.
		The FTP server should support the REST command to support these functionalities. The server should write the file starting from byte indicated.
		Restart feature is only supported by LISA-U2x0-02S and subsequent versions and on SARA-U series.
AT+UFTPC=13	ОК	File list request.
	+UUFTPCD: 13,70,"-rw-rr 1 ftp ftp 176673 Aug 5 10:03 gps_positions" +UUFTPCR: 13,1	
AT+UFTPC=8,""	ОК	Return to the parent directory.
	+UUFTPCR: 8,1	
AT+OFTPC=4, "data.zip", "data.z ip"	UK	system of the module.
AT+UFTPC=4, "data.zip", "data.z	OK	Restart the file download from the FTP server to the
ip",1	+UUFTPCR: 4,1	local module file system from the latest byte saved on file system (this is automatically calculated). The data received is written after latest byte available on file system.
		Restart feature is only supported by LISA-U2x0-02S and subsequent versions and on SARA-U series.
AT+UFTPC=0	OK	FTP server disconnection.
	+UUFTPCR: 0,1	
AT+UPSDA=0,4	OK	GPRS connection detachment with the +UPSDA command.
		Only the specified profile will be deactivated.



To list and view all files stored in the cellular module file system, see section 18.



9.1 Direct link

9.1.1 Retrieve a file from FTP server

Command	Response	Description
		Parameters configuration for the FTP server connection.
AT+UFTP=1,"ftp.u-blox.com"	OK	FTP server hostname
AT+UFTP=2, "anonymous"	ОК	• FTP username
AT+UFTP=3,"user@somedomain.co m"	OK	• FTP password
AT+UFTP=6,0	OK	• FTP connection mode (ACTIVE connection)
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241"	Hostname resolution.
	OK	
		Connect to the server and manage the FTP connection using the +UFTPC command.
AT+UFTPC=1	OK	
	+UUFTPCR: 1,1	+UUFTPCR URC is returned when the connection is established.
<pre>AT+UFTPC=6,"file_to_retrieve"</pre>	CONNECT	Send to FTP server a RETRIEVE file request for file_to_retrieve.
		CONNECT result code means direct link mode is activated: the data received from FTP connection will be redirected to the serial port.
<pre>AT+UFTPC=6,"file_to_retrieve" ,250</pre>	CONNECT	Restart a RETRIEVE file request for file_to_retrieve file from byte 250.
		CONNECT result code means the direct link mode activation: the data received from FTP connection is redirected to the serial port.
		The data reception begins with the byte indicated.
		Restart feature is only supported by LISA-U2x0-02S and subsequent versions and on SARA-U series.
+++	DISCONNECT	WARNING: When the file has entirely been retrieved the module does not exit from direct
	ОК	link mode. It is necessary to manually exit using "+++" escape sequence.
	+UUFTPCR: 6,1	+UUFTPCR URC notifies how the retrieve operation has been concluded (1 means success).
		The "DISCONNECT" result code is not supported by LEON-G100-03S / LEON-G200-03S and previous versions.



9.1.2 Aborting retrieve file request

Command	Response	Description
+++	DISCONNECT	If entering "+++" escape sequence before the requested file has been entirely retrieved from FTP
	OK	server, module exits from direct link and +UUFTPCR URC notifies that retrieve operation has not been
	+UUFTPCR: 6,0	concluded successfully (0 means fail).
		The "DISCONNECT" result code is not supported by LEON-G100-03S / LEON-G200-03S and previous versions.

9.1.3 Store a file on FTP server

Command	Response	Description
AT+UFTP=1,"ftp.u-blox.com"	ОК	Parameter configuration for FTP server connection These parameters will be set: • FTP server hostname
AT+UFTP=2,"anonymous"	OK	• FTP username
AT+UFTP=3,"user@somedomain.co m"	OK	• FTP password
AT+UFTP=6,0	OK	• FTP connection mode (ACTIVE connection)
AT+UDNSRN=0,"ftp.u-blox.com"	+UDNSRN: "195.34.89.241"	Hostname resolution.
		Connect to the server and manage the FTP. Connection using the +UFTPC command. Let's start connecting to the server.
AT+UFTPC=1	OK	-
	+UUFTPCR: 1,1	+UUFTPCR URC is returned when the connection is established.
<pre>AT+UFTPC=7,"file_to_store"</pre>	CONNECT	Send to FTP server a STORE file request for file_to_store.
		CONNECT result code means direct link mode is activated: the data sent through the serial port will be redirected to FTP server through the FTP connection.
AT+UFTPC=7,"file_to_store",25 0	CONNECT	Restart STORE file request for file_to_store from byte 250.
		CONNECT result code means the direct link mode activation: the data sent through the serial port is redirected to FTP server through the FTP connection.
		The data is written on FTP server starting from byte indicated.
		FTP Server should support REST command to support this functionality.
		Restart feature is only supported by LISA-U2x0-02S and subsequent versions and on SARA-U series.



Command	Response	Description
+++	DISCONNECT	When data upload is concluded use "+++" escape sequence for exiting from direct link mode.
	OK	
	+UUFTPCR: 7,1	The +UUFTPCR URC notifies if STORE operation has been concluded successfully.

9.1.4 About "+++" escape sequence usage

To switch from data mode to command mode a proper escape sequence shall be sent by the application to the module. The application can configure the escape sequence by means of the following commands:

- ATS2: this command sets the character used as the escape character (default is "+")
- ATS12: this command sets the escape prompt delay (T_{EPD}) timer (default is 1 s)
- For more details on the AT commands, see the u-blox AT Commands Manual [1].

The escape sequence must follow certain timing constraints to be distinguished from generic data.



- $TO > T_{EPD}$: there must be at least T_{EPD} seconds after the last data byte and the first escape character
- $T1 < T_{EPD}$: the second escape character must be sent within T_{EPD} seconds after the first escape character
- $T2 < T_{EPD}$: the third escape character must be sent within T_{EPD} seconds after the second escape character
- T3 > T_{EPD} : There must be at least T_{EPD} seconds after the last escape character and the first AT command

9.2 Using secure option

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Command	Response	Description
		Parameters configuration for the FTP server connection in secure mode. These parameters are set:
AT+UFTP=0,"123.213.132.231"	OK	• FTP server address
AT+UFTP=2,"myname"	OK	FTP username
AT+UFTP=3, "mypwd"	OK	FTP password
AT+UFTP=8,1	OK	FTP SSL encryption enabled
AT+UFTPC=1		FTP login.
		Connect to the server and manage the FTP connection using the +UFTPC command. Let's start connecting to the server.
	ОК	The +UUFTPCR URC provides the FTP
	+UUFTPCR: 1,1	command result (the second parameter provides the result, 1 if is successfully performed).
		Some operators may not accept a secure FTP connection:



Command	Response	Description
AT+UFTPC=1	OK	The URC provides the FTP command result: the second parameter is 0, an error has occurred.
	+UUFTPCR: 1,0	
AT+UFTPER	+UFTPER: 8,63	Retrieving of error class and code: Error class (8 = "Wrong FTP API usage") and error
	OK	code (63 = "Cannot set secure socket").

10 SMTP AT commands

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Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Make sure to follow the steps in "GPRS connection" (section 5) before using the AT commands in this section.

Command	Response	Description
		Parameter configuration for SMTP using the +USMTP:
		1. SMTP server hostname
AT+USMTP=1,"smtp.mail.yahoo.c	ОК	2. Authentication type (no authentication)
		3. Inactivity timeout
AT+USMTP=4,0	OK	
AT+USMTP=5,3600	OK	
AT+UDNSRN=0,"smtp.mail.yahoo. com"	+UDNSRN: "69.147.102.58"	4. Hostname resolution.
	ОК	
		Prepare the mail envelope and body using the +USMTPM command.
AT+USMTPM	OK	Reset all the parameters
AT+USMTPM=0,"test.sender@yaho o.com"	OK	5. Set up mail sender address
		6. Set up the reply-to mail address
AT+USMTPM=1,"test.sender@yaho o.com"	OK	7. Set up the mail receiver address
AT+USMTPM=2,"receiver@somedom ain.com"	OK	The specified mail addresses are only examples.
AT+USMTPM=3,"This is the subject of the email"	ОК	8. Set up the mail subject
AT+USMTPM=4,"This is the body text of the email"	ок	9. Set up the mail text Set up the attachment stored in file system.
AT+USMTPM=5,"screenshot.jpg", 2,"jpg"	ОК	"screenshot.jpg" is a filename for example only. Specify filenames stored into the file system.



Command	Response	Description
AT+USMTPC=1	OK	Send the email using the +USMTPC command. To send an email it is needed to:
	+UUSMTPCR: 1,1	1. Connect to the SMTP server
AT+USMTPC=2	OK	2. Send the email
	+UUSMTPCR: 2,1	
AT+USMTPC=0	ОК	3. Disconnect from the SMTP server
	+UUSMTPCR: 0,1	The notification of the operation is provided by the reception of the +UUSMTPCR URC (1 means success).
AT+USMTPM	OK	Reset the mail parameters.
AT+UPSDA=0,4	ОК	GPRS connection detachment with the +UPSDA command.
		The specified profile will be deactivated.



11 ODIS implementation

SARA-U

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Supported by SARA-U201 modules only.

u-blox cellular modules contain an OMA-DM client complying with the OMA-DM standard 1.2.1 [14] and customized for the AT&T requirements regarding ODIS (OMA-DM IMEI Sync) and FW update notification [15].

AT&T requires all radio module integrators (OEMs) to support ODIS or else to assign a unique TAC on a unique device basis, as defined in the PTCRB PPMD rules. As a manual alternative, all the devices that do not implement ODIS or are using a module that does not support ODIS must provide AT&T with a data file which maps IMEIs to host device information. This data file should be a .csv formatted text file reporting the following info: host manufacturer name, host software version, host model, IMEI and host device Plasma ID (assigned by AT&T). Data must be provided to AT&T on a recurring three-month basis beginning at the time AT&T approval is granted.

This chapter instructs the users on the ODIS functionality implementation based on the module OMA-DM client.

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It is the user's responsibility to properly configure the ODIS parameters into the cellular module according to the host device details.

- It is recommended to populate the ODIS nodes during the host device production process. Once populated, the AT&T OMA-DM server may query the device at any time to read the content of the nodes.
- The OMA-DM client uses the internal PDP context with pre-defined "phone" APN. The APN may be reconfigured remotely via OMA-DM protocol. The context is activated whenever needed (and deactivated when not needed) by the OMA-DM client:
 - With the +UOMADM=1 command
 - With the +UOMADMALERT command
 - When a correct OMA-DM WAP Push is received.

11.1 OMA-DM client initialization

At the module power-on, the OMA-DM functionality is automatically enabled and remains in an idle state with no communications with the OMA-DM server until one of the following events occurs:

- Network initiated: the module receives a notification (WAP push) from the OMA-DM server. This procedure is completely automatic and requires no actions from the host application processor.
- Device initiated: the module initiates a connection with the OMA-DM server to update the ODIS nodes (see section 11.2). In this case the OMA-DM client must be initialized with the +UOMADM AT command.

Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"AT&T",2 OK	Verify the module is registered under AT&T network.
AT+CCLK="16/09/21,17:24:00+00	OK	Set the correct date / time.
AT+UOMADM=1	OK	Initialize the OMA-DM client. After initialization, the module will attempt to connect with the OMA-DM server if available.

It is not required to stop the connection with the OMA-DM server: the module OMA-DM client will automatically close it when all pending transactions are completed.

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In order to be activated, an OMA-DM session requires module registration under the AT&T network.

The module does not notify the user in case the OMA-DM connection with the server is unavailable.



11.2 ODIS nodes

The OMA-DM client allows the host application processor connected to the module to configure (and store in NVM) the following properties, called ODIS nodes:

- Host Device Manufacturer
- Host Device Model
- Host Device Software Version
- Host Device Plasma ID (assigned by AT&T)

To set and read these data, the host application processor can use the +UOMADMREP AT command. The example below shows the ODIS nodes configuration assuming the host device has the following details:

- Host device manufacturer: Acme
- Host device model: Rocket1
- Host device software version: 12.34b
- Host device plasma ID: 0000-9876

Command	Response	Description
AT+UOMADM=1	OK	Initialize the OMA-DM client.
AT+UOMADMREP=1,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostMan","Acme"	OK	Set the content of the ODIS node Host Device Manufacturer
AT+UOMADMREP=1,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostMod","Rocket1"	OK	Set the content of the ODIS node Host Device Model
AT+UOMADMREP=1,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostSwV","12.34b"	OK	Set the content of the ODIS node Host Device Software Version
AT+UOMADMREP=1,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostPlasmaId","0000-9876"	OK	Set the content of the ODIS node Host Device Plasma
AT+UOMADMREP=0,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostMan"	+UOMADMREP: "./DevDetail/Ext/ HostMan","Acme" OK	Read the content of the ODIS node Host Device Manufacturer
AT+UOMADMREP=0,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostMod"	+UOMADMREP: "./DevDetail/Ext/ HostMod","Rocket1" OK	Read the content of the ODIS node Host Device Model
AT+UOMADMREP=0,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostSwV"	+UOMADMREP: "./DevDetail/Ext/ HostSwV","12.34b" OK	Read the content of the ODIS node Host Device Software Version
AT+UOMADMREP=0,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostPlasmaId"	+UOMADMREP: "./DevDetail/Ext/ HostPlasmaId","0000-9876" OK	Read the content of the ODIS node Host Device Plasma ID

The settings of the ODIS nodes, configured with the +UOMADMREP AT command, are saved in the module NVM at module power-off (AT+CPWROFF, AT+CFUN=15 or AT+CFUN=16).

- The AT+UOMADMREP commands must be preceded by an OMA-DM client initialization using the AT+UOMADM command.
- The +UOMADMREP AT command only acts on the local repository of ODIS data, which are not automatically synced with the server.
- The AT&T OMA-DM server may query these values at any time and assumes these settings are correctly specified and maintained up-to-date by the host device.
- It is the sole responsibility of the user to properly set ODIS nodes on the module before operating under the AT&T network.



In case of any subsequent change in the previously defined ODIS nodes (e.g. after a FW update of the application processor), the host device might notify the OMA-DM server using the AT+UOMADMALERT command.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UOMADM=1	OK	Initialize the OMA-DM client.
AT+UOMADMREP=1,"./DevDetail/E xt/HostSwV","12.57z"	OK	The ODIS node Host Device Software Version is updated.
<pre>AT+UOMADMALERT=1," ","org.openmobilealliance.dm. firmwareupdate.devicerequest" ,"./DevDetail/Ext/HostSwV"</pre>	OK	The OMA-DM server is alerted that the content of the ODIS node Host Device Software Version has been changed.

11.3 Module FW update notification

The AT&T requirement <CDR-DVM-1533> [15] mandates that a FW update on the cellular module must be notified to the AT&T OMA-DM server.

The module FW upgrade may cause a change an update in the following nodes:

- Module FW version
- Module SW version
- International Mobile station Equipment Identity and Software Version number (IMEISV)

The host application processor has no control over the previous nodes but must notify the AT&T OMA-DM server about the changes occurred.

- See the AT Commands Manual [1] and the Firmware Update Application Note [13] for more details about the FW update procedure of the cellular module.
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It is the responsibility of the host application processor to notify the OMA-DM server after the module FW update process has been completed.

After the module FW update completion, execute the following command sequence to notify the AT&T OMA-DM server about the changes introduced.

Command	Response	Description
<pre>AT+UOMADMALERT=1,"","org.open mobilealliance.dm.firmwareupd ate.devicerequest","./DevDeta il/FwV"</pre>	OK	Alert the OMA-DM server that the content of the node Module FW Version has been changed.
AT+UOMADMALERT=1,"","org.open mobilealliance.dm.firmwareupd ate.devicerequest","./DevDeta il/SwV"	OK	Alert the OMA-DM server that the content of the node Module SW Version has been changed.
AT+UOMADMALERT=1,"","org.open mobilealliance.dm.firmwareupd ate.devicerequest","./DevDeta il/Ext/IMEISV"	OK	Alert the OMA-DM server that the content of the node IMEISV has been changed.



11.4 OMA-DM client activity reporting

It is often useful to get an indication on the activity of the OMA-DM client, which can silently connect to a server for remotely-controlled operations.

The +UUOMASTAT URC can be used in this case.

Command	Response	Description
AT+UOMASTAT=1	OK	Enabling the +UUOMASTAT URC.
	+UUOMASTAT: 1,0,0	A WAP Push triggering OMA-DM has been received, an OMA-DM session is started
	+UUOMASTAT: 1,1,0	The OMA-DM session has completed without errors. The connection with the server is closed.
		This does not imply that the ODIS nodes have been properly written or updated on the OMA-DM server.



12 HTTP AT commands



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Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

SARA-G

Make sure to follow the steps in "GPRS connection" (section 5) before using the AT commands in this section.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set verbose error result codes.
AT+UHTTP=0	OK	Reset HTTP profile #0.
AT+UHTTP=0,1,"httpbin.org"	OK	Set the server domain name and port.
AT+UHTTP=0,5,80	OK	
AT+UDNSRN=0,"httpbin.org"	+UDNSRN: "54.72.52.58"	DNS resolution of httpbin.org.
	OK	
<pre>AT+UHTTPC=0,0,"/","head.ffs"</pre>	ОК	HEAD request of default page and store the result into the "head.ffs" file on local file system of the
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,1	module. +UUHTTPCR URC notifies success/failure of the operation (in this example: success).
<pre>AT+UHTTPC=0,1,"/","get.ffs"</pre>	OK	GET request of default page and store the result into the "get.ffs" file on local file system of the module.
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,1,1	+UUHTTPCR URC notifies success/failure of the operation (in this example: success).
AT+UHTTPC=0,5,"/post","post.f		POST request sending data using content type
<pre>fs","name_post=MyName&age_pos t=30" 0</pre>		application/x-www-form-urlencoded. The result is
	UK	module. +UUHTTPCR notifies success/failure of the operation (in this example: success)
	+00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Set authentication for HTTP server:
		HTTP server username
AT+UHTTP=0,2,"test_user"	OK	
AT+UHTTP=0,3,"P455w0rd"	ОК	HTTP server password
AT+UHTTP=0,4,1	ок	HTTP server authentication method (basic authentication)
		The 6^{th} character of the password is a zero.
at+uhttpc=0,1," /basic-		GET request returning information on authenticated
auth.ffs"		User. The page requires basic authentication
-	OK	The result is saved in " α et, auth.ffs" file on local
		file system of the module. +UUHTTPCR URC notifies success/failure of the operation (in this example:
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,1,1	



To list and view all files stored in the cellular module file system, see the section 18.



12.1 Using secure option



The enabling of the SSL/TLS protocol provides a secure connection between two entities using TCP sockets for communication (i.e. HTTP/FTP server and HTTP/FTP client).

The security aspects used in the current connection depend on the SSL/TLS configuration and features supported by the communication entities on which basis it is possible to set the server authentication, the client authentication, the data security and integrity.

First of all, it is important to explain the concept of X.509 certificates and the way in which they can be imported in the module for establishing a SSL/TLS connection.

12.1.1 Importing a X.509 certificate

In cryptography, X.509 is an ITU-T standard that specifies the use of certificates, their structure and features. In detail, they can be defined in the following ways:

- DER (Distinguished Encoding Rules): binary format;
- PEM (Privacy-Enhanced Mail): base 64 encoding of a DER certificate.

Consequently, different procedures can be identified in the handling of these types by AT+USECMNG command.

12.1.1.1 Example 1: import a root certificate in DER format

In this case it is supposed that a DER certificate has been previously stored in the module file system by downloading it, as an example, from an FTP server by means of AT commands (see the section 9 for details). Then its actual import is carried out as follows.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+ULSTFILE=0	+ULSTFILE: "MyRootCA.der"	List all the files in the file system.
	OK	
AT+USECMNG=1,0,"MyRootCA","My RootCA.der"	+USECMNG: 1,0,"MyRootCA","f77 5ab29fb514eb7775eff053c998ef5 "	Import a certificate in DER format from a file stored on file system and save it internally as "MyRootCA".
	OK	
AT+USECMNG=3	CA,"MyRootCA","IssuerRootCA", "2022/05/21 04:00:00"	List imported certificates.
	OK	

12.1.1.2 Example 2: import a root certificate in PEM format

Now it is necessary first to obtain the root certificate in PEM format from the target website and then to import it in the module. These topics are analyzed in detail in the next sections.

Retrieving a root certificate

First of all connect to the desired website by browser: in the example in Figure 23, the u-blox homepage is the target website.

Once the u-blox homepage is loaded in the browser, click on the lock symbol in the address bar of the browser to inspect the website certificate.





Figure 23: Click on the lock symbol of the u-blox homepage

Then push the "More Information" button to see the information related to the page.

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General Media Permissions Security		
Web Site Identity		
Web site: www.u-blox.com		
Owner: This web site does not supply owner	rship information.	
Verified by: SwissSign AG		
		<u>V</u> iew Certificate
Privacy & History		
Have I visited this web site before today?	Yes, 86 times	
Is this web site storing information (cookies) on my computer?	Yes	View Coo <u>k</u> ies
Have I saved any passwords for this web site?	No	Vie <u>w</u> Saved Passwords
Technical Details		
Connection Encrypted (TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AE	S_128_GCM_SHA256	, 128 bit keys, TLS 1.2)
The page you are viewing was encrypted before bein	g transmitted over the	e Internet.
		traveling between

Figure 24: u-blox page information

Next select the "View Certificate" button.



This certificate has been	n verified for the following uses:	
SSL Client Certificate	(and the enough provide strands that and the strands of the strands)	
SSL Server Certificate		
Issued To		
Common Name (CN)	*.u-blox.com	
Organisation (O)	<not certificate="" of="" part=""></not>	
Organisational Unit (OU)	Domain Validated Only	
Serial Number	00:8B:94:AA:6D:8A:83:ED:A3:CB:9B:36:78:44:51:17	
Issued By		
Common Name (CN)	SwissSign Server Silver CA 2014 - G22	
Organisation (O)	SwissSign AG	
Organisational Unit (OU)	<not certificate="" of="" part=""></not>	
Period of Validity		
Begins On	28/07/2015	
Expires On	28/07/2017	
Fingerprints		
SHA-256 Fingerprint	67:7D:F2:DE:5A:B0:05:BD:AF:F6:3D:34:6E:A6:D7:93: 46:8D:A5:A0:8A:2A:80:A3:F5:6E:FD:C5:74:04:7D:97	
SHA1 Fingerprint	A0:1A:49:87:D5:80:33:BA:E7:73:70:7C:22:A5:A8:28:E6:D4:95:CE	

Figure 25: u-blox certificate

Select the "Details" tab to retrieve more information.

Certificate <u>H</u> ierarchy	
SwissSign Silver CA - G2	
SwissSign Server Silver CA 2014 - G22	
*.u-blox.com	
Certificate <u>F</u> ields	
Builtin Object Token:SwissSign Silver CA - G2	*
# Certificate	_
Version	-
Serial Number	
Certificate Signature Algorithm	
Issuer	
#Validity	
Not Before	-
Field <u>V</u> alue	
Export	

Figure 26: Details about the u-blox certificate

On the details screen, first select the "SwissSign Silver CA - G2" item and then click the "Export" button to locally save the u-blox certificate in PEM format, by choosing a *.crt filename extension.



Later the u-blox certificate can be viewed with a common text editor as follows.

🔚 u-blox	_SwissSignSilverCA-G2.crt 🛛				
1	BEGIN CERTIFIC	CATE CRUE			
2	MIIFvTCCA6WgAwIBAg	ITxvUL1S7L0swDQYJ	KoZIhvcNAQEFB	QAwRzELMAkGA1U	CRILF
3	BhMCQ0gxFTATBgNVBA	TDFN3aXNzU21nbiBB	RzEhMB8GA1UEA	xMYU3dpc3NTaWdu	CRILE
4	IFNpbHZ1ciBDQSAtIE	yMB4XDTA2MTAyNTA4	MzION1oXDTM2M	TAyNTA4MzI0N10	CRIE
5	RzELMAkGA1UEBhMCQ00	xFTATBgNVBAoTDFN3	aXNzU21nbiBBR	zEhMB8GA1UEAxM	CRILE
6	U3dpc3NTaWduIFNpbH2	21ciBDQSAtIEcyMIIC	IjANBgkqhkiG9	WOBAQEFAAOCAg82	ACRIE
7	MIICCgKCAgEAxPGHf91	N4Mfc4yfjDmUO8x/e8	N+dOcbpLj6VzH	xumK4DV644N0M	CRIE
8	Fz0fyM5oEMF4rhkDKx1	06LHmD9ui5aL1V8gRE	pzn5/ASLHvGiT	Sf5YXu6t+WiE7b	CRIE
9	YT7QbNHm+/pe7R20nq	A1W6GSy/BJkv6FCgU+	5tkL4k+73JU3/	JHpMjUiOR86Tiel	CRILE
10	nbAV1DLaYQ1HTWBCrp	JH6INaUFjpiou5XaHc	3Z1KHzZnu0jkg	7Y360g6rw9njxcl	CRIEF
11	6ATK72oxh9TAtvmUcX1	nZLi2kUpCe2UuMGoM	9ZDulebyzYLs2	aFK7PayS+VFheZ	CRIE
12	eJMELpyCbTapxDFkH4a	aDCyr0NQp4yVXPQbBH	6TCfmb5hqAaEu	Sh6XzjZG6k4sIN,	CRIE
13	c8HDO0gqgg8hm7jMqD	(DhBuDsz6+pJVpATqJ	AHgE2cn0mRmrV	n5bi4Y5FZGkECw	JCRILE
14	MoBgs5PAKrYYC51+jU	nyEEp/+dVGLxmSo5mn	Jqy7jDzmDrxHB	9xzUfFwZC8I+bR	ICRIE
15	HTBsROopN4WSaGa8gz;)+ezku01DwH/teYLap	pvonQfGbGHLy9	YROSslnxFSuSGT	CRIE
16	jNFusB3hB48IHpmccel	LM2KX3RxIfdNFRnobz	wqIjQAtz20um5	3MGjMGg6cFZrEb	6 CRIE
17	5i/4z3GcRm25xBWNOHD	DRUjvxF3XCO6HOSKG	sg0PWEP3calIL	v3q1h8CAwEAAaO	BCRILE
18	rDCBqTAOBgNVHQ8BAf8	BEBAMCAQYwDwYDVROT	AQH/BAUwAwEB/	zAdBgNVHQ4EFgQI	UCRILE
19	F6DNweRBtjpb08tFnb0	cwpj6hlgwHwYDVR0j	BBgwFoAUF6DNw	eRBtjpbO8tFnb0	CRILE
20	wpj6hlgwRgYDVR0gBD8	WPTA7BglghXQBWQED	AQEwLjAsBggrB	gEFBQcCARYgaHR	CRIEF
21	cDovL3J1cG9zaXRvcn1	uc3dpc3NzaWduLmNv	bS8wDQYJKoZIh	vcNAQEFBQADggI	BCRILE
22	AHPGgeAn0i0P4JUw4pp	Bf1AsX19iYamGamkY	DHRJ112E6kFSG	G9YrVBWIGrGvShj	CRILE
23	WJHckRE1qTodvBq1YJ	YH39FkWnZfrt4csEG	DyrOj4VwYaygz	Qu40S1WhDJOhrs	CRILE
24	xCrZ1x9y7v5RoSJBsX	CYxqCsGKrXlcSH9/L	3XWgwF15kIwb4	FDm3jH+mHtwX6W	CRIE
25	2K34ArZv02DdQEsixT	tOnqfGhpHkXkzuoLc	MmkDlm4fS/Bx/	uNncqCxv1yL5Pq2	CRILE
2.6	IseEuRuNI5c/7SXgz20	V79WEE790eslpBIlqh	n10s6FvJbakMD	HiqYMZWjwFaDGi	CRILE
27	aR15xB9+1wW/xekkUV	/U1UtT7dkjWjYDZaPB	A61BMPNGG4WQr	2W11bHkFlt4dR2	XCRILE
28	em1ZqSqPe97Dh4kQmU	zeMg9vVE1dCrV8X5p	Gyq70701uJpaP	KJhkGaH7gzWTdQl	RCRILE
29	dAtq/gsD/KNVV4n+Ssu	uWxcFyPKNIzFTONIt	aj+CuY0IavdeQ	KRuwxF+B6wpYJE,	CRIE
30	OMpXEA29MC/HpeZBoNo	quBYeaoKR1bEwJDIm6	uNO5wJOKMPqN5	ZprFQF0Z6raY1Y	+CRIE
31	hAhm0sQ2fac+EPyI4N3	SA5QC9qvNOBqN6avli	cuMJT+ubDgEj8	Z+7fNzcbBGXJbL	VCRILE
32	tGMU0gYqZ4yD9c7qB9:	laah7s5Aq7KkzrCWA5	zspi2C5u CRUE		
33	END CERTIFICAT	ECRUE			
34					
enath :	2082 Ln:34 Col:1 Sel:	010	Dos\Windows	UTF-8 w/o BOM	INS

Figure 27: u-blox certificate in PEM format

At this point the user is able to import the reported certificate in the module by a copy and paste operation when the suitable AT command is issued as described in detail in the next section.

Handling a root certificate

Now the user holds a *.crt file containing the u-blox certificate in PEM format so he is able to carry out the import procedure as follows.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+USECMNG=0,0,"u-bloxCA",208 2	>	Start the data transfer using the stream of byte (in this case 2082 is the size in bytes of the certificate).
PEM encoded trusted root certificate data	+USECMNG: 0,0,"u-bloxCA","e00 6alc97dcfc9fc0dc0567596d86213 "	Input PEM formatted trusted root certificate data bytes. Output MD5 hash string of the stored trusted root certificate DER.
	OK	



AT+USECMNG=3 CA,"u-bloxCA","SwissSign List imported certificates. Silver CA - G2","2036/10/25 08:32:46"	Command	Response	Description
OK	AT+USECMNG=3	CA,"u-bloxCA","SwissSign Silver CA - G2","2036/10/25 08:32:46" OK	List imported certificates.

12.1.2 Examples about certificate validation levels

As already mentioned, the security aspects used in a connection depend on the SSL/TLS configuration and features supported by the communication entities. In this context the AT+USECPRF command configures the secure option.

For this purpose, the following examples describe the configuration and the establishment of some SSL/TLS connections, in which different security profile settings are used.

12.1.2.1 Example 1: +USECPRF with no certificate validation (level 0)

In the security profile 0, which is the default one, no certificate validation is set (level 0). This means the target server certificate will not be checked or verified and no additional certificates need to be imported in the module.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
		Parameters configuration for the SSL/TLS connection. The following commands are issued:
AT+USECMNG=3	ОК	 list imported certificates: in this case no additional certificates are necessary to be available in the module.
		Parameters configuration for the HTTP server connection in secure mode. The following commands are issued:
AT+UHTTP=0	OK	• reset HTTP profile 0
<pre>AT+UHTTP=0,1,"www.my_test_ser ver.com"</pre>	OK	set HTTP server name
AT+UHTTP=0,6,1,0	OK	• enable the secure option for the HTTP service using the security profile 0 (the default one)
		To test the secure option, a HEAD command can be sent to the reference server.
AT+UHTTPC=0,0,"/httptest/",""	OK	
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,1	The HTTP command result is provided through +UUHTTPCR URC (the last parameter provides the result, 1 if is successfully performed).
		Some operators or servers may not support the secure HTTP service.
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,0	HTTP command result URC: the last parameter is 0, an error occurred.
AT+UHTTPER=0	+UHTTPER: 0,3,11 OK	Retrieving of error class ($3 = HTTP$ Protocol error class) and code ($11 = Server$ connection error).

12.1.2.2 Example 2: +USECPRF with certificate validation (level 1)

The security profile 2 with a certificate validation set (level 1) means that the target server certificate will be checked against a list of trusted root certificates previously imported in the module.



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
		Parameters configuration for the SSL/TLS connection. The following commands are issued:
AT+USECMNG=3	CA,"MyTestSvrCA","IssuerMyTes tSvrCA","2022/05/21 04:00:00"	list imported certificates;
	OK	
AT+USECPRF=2	ОК	reset security profile 2;
AT+USECPRF=2,0,1	OK	• set level 1 validation for security profile 2.
		Parameters configuration for the HTTP server connection in secure mode. The following commands are issued:
AT+UHTTP=0	OK	• reset HTTP profile 0;
AT+UHTTP=0,1,"www.my_test_ser ver.com"	OK	• set HTTP server name;
AT+UHTTP=0,6,1,2	OK	• enable the secure option for the HTTP service using the security profile 2.
		To test the secure option, a HEAD command can be sent to the reference server.
AT+UHTTPC=0,0,"/httptest/",""	OK	
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,1	The HTTP command result is provided by means of +UUHTTPCR URC (the last parameter provides the result, 1 if is successfully performed).
		Some operators or servers may not support the secure HTTP service.
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,0	HTTP command result URC: the last parameter is 0, an error occurred.
AT+UHTTPER=0	+UHTTPER: 0,3,11 OK	Retrieving of error class (3 = HTTP Protocol error class) and code (11 = Server connection error).

12.1.2.3 Example 3: +USECPRF with certificate validation (level 2)

The security profile 2 with a certificate validation set (level 2) is the level 1 validation with an additional URL integrity check. The target server certificate will be verified against a list of trusted root certificates previously imported in the module with an additional URL integrity check about the expected server hostname.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
		Parameters configuration for the SSL/TLS connection. The following commands are issued:
AT+USECMNG=3	CA, "MyTestSvrCA", "IssuerMyTes tSvrCA", "2022/05/21 04:00:00"	list imported certificates;
	OK	
AT+USECPRF=2	OK	reset security profile 2;
AT+USECPRF=2,0,2	OK	• set level 2 validation for security profile 2;
AT+USECPRF=2,4,"www.my_test_s erver.com"	ОК	• set server hostname for security profile 2.
		Parameters configuration for the HTTP server connection in secure mode. The following commands are issued:
AT+UHTTP=0	OK	• reset HTTP profile 0;
AT+UHTTP=0,1,"www.my_test_ser ver.com"	OK	• set HTTP server name;
AT+UHTTP=0,6,1,2	ОК	enable the secure option for the HTTP service using the security profile 2.



Command	Response	Description
		To test the secure option, a HEAD command can be sent to the reference server.
AT+UHTTPC=0,0,"/httptest/",""	OK	
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,1	The HTTP command result is provided by means of +UUHTTPCR URC (the last parameter provides the result, 1 if is successfully performed).
		Some operators or servers may not support the secure HTTP service.
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,0	HTTP command result URC: the last parameter is 0, an error occurred.
AT+UHTTPER=0	+UHTTPER: 0,3,11 OK	Retrieving of error class ($3 = HTTP$ Protocol error class) and code ($11 = Server$ connection error).

12.1.2.4 Example 4: +USECPRF with certificate validation (level 3)

The security profile 2 with a certificate validation set (level 3) is the level 2 validation with an additional check about the certificate validity date. The target server certificate will be verified against a list of trusted root certificates previously imported in the module with additional checks regarding the expected server hostname and the certificate validity date.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+CCLK?	+CCLK: "15/11/18,12:30:50+01"	Check the real-time clock of the module and, if necessary, set the current time.
	OIX	Parameters configuration for the SSL/TLS connection
		The following commands are issued:
AT+USECMNG=3	CA, "MyTestSvrCA", "IssuerMyTes tSvrCA", "2022/05/21 04:00:00"	list imported certificates;
	OK	
AT+USECPRF=2	OK	reset security profile 2;
AT+USECPRF=2,0,3	OK	• set level 3 validation for security profile 2;
AT+USECPRF=2,4,"www.my_test_s erver.com"	OK	• set server hostname for security profile 2.
		Parameters configuration for the HTTP server connection in secure mode. The following commands are issued:
AT+UHTTP=0	ОК	reset HTTP profile 0;
AT+UHTTP=0,1,"www.my_test_ser ver.com"	ОК	set HTTP server name;
AT+UHTTP=0,6,1,2	OK	• enable the secure option for the HTTP service using the security profile 2.
		To test the secure option, a HEAD command can be sent to the reference server.
AT+UHTTPC=0,0,"/httptest/",""	OK	
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,1	The HTTP command result is provided by means of +UUHTTPCR URC (the last parameter provides the result, 1 if is successfully performed).
		Some operators or servers may not support the secure HTTP service.
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,0	HTTP command result URC: the last parameter is 0, an error occurred.
AT+UHTTPER=0	+UHTTPER: 0,3,11 OK	Retrieving of error class $(3 = HTTP Protocol error class)$ and code $(11 = Server connection error)$.



12.1.3 Data security and integrity

An SSL/TLS connection is characterized by its own configuration and features to guarantee specific aspects of the data security and integrity, that is data encryption and Hash Message Authentication (HMAC) generation for checking exchanged messages.

This behavior is closely related to the concept of cipher suites: in fact they represent a named combination of protocol version, authentication and key exchange, encryption and message authentication code algorithms.

In simple terms, ciphers suits are used to specify supported and negotiate SSL/TLS connection properties and algorithms. They are usually identified by a string like the following:

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256

the meaning of which is as follows:

- TLS protocol is used in communication;
- RSA algorithm is utilized for authentication and secure key exchange;
- AES_256_CBC is considered for encryption of transmitted data;
- SHA256 algorithm is adopted for creating HMAC message integrity code.

See the u-blox AT Commands Manual [1] for the list of all the supported cipher suites, while in the next section is presented an explanation of how to configure the behavior in exam.

12.1.3.1 Example: cipher suite management in SSL/TLS connections

In this context the AT+USECPRF command configures the secure options: in fact it allows the user to choose the cipher suite to be applied in the communication.

The SSL/TLS connection is not established and an error result code is provided if a cipher suite not supported by the target server is selected.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
		Parameters configuration for the SSL/TLS connection. The following commands are issued:
AT+USECMNG=3	OK	list imported certificates;
AT+USECPRF=2	OK	 reset security profile 2;
AT+USECPRF=2,2,4	OK	 set cipher suite number 4, that is TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256, for security profile 2.
		Parameters configuration for the HTTP server connection in secure mode. The following commands are issued:
AT+UHTTP=0	OK	• reset HTTP profile 0;
AT+UHTTP=0,1,"www.my_test_ser ver.com"	OK	• set HTTP server name;
AT+UHTTP=0,6,1,2	OK	• enable the secure option for the HTTP service using the security profile 2.
		To test the secure option, a HEAD command can be sent to the reference server.
AT+UHTTPC=0,0,"/httptest/",""	OK	
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,0,1	HTTP command result by +UUHTTPCR URC: in this case the HEAD request is successfully performed.

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12.2 HTTP POST





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Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	
AT+UPSD=0,1,"click"	OK	Set the APN.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Attach GPRS.
AT+UPSND=0,0	+UPSND: 0,0,"10.130.31.65"	Check whether IP is assigned.
	OK	
AT+UDWNFILE="postdata.txt",11	>hello world	Write some data in the file to send.
	OK	
AT+URDFILE="postdata.txt"	+URDFILE: postdata.txt,11,"he llo world" OK	Optionally check whether the data is present.
AT+UHTTP=0	OK	Reset HTTP profile #0.
AT+UHTTP=0,1,"httpbin.org"	ОК	Set up connection to an echo server (httbin.org) that checks and echoes post commands.
AT+UHTTP=0,5,80	OK	Set the port of the HTTP request to 80
<pre>AT+UHTTPC=0,4,"/post","result .txt","postdata.txt",1</pre>	ОК	Submit a post command in text format and store the answer in result.txt.
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,4,1	
AT+URDFILE="result.txt"	+URDFILE: result.txt,498, "HTTP/1.1 200 OK	Check the server's reply.
	Content-Type: application/json Date: Tue, 15 Jan 2013 16:06:11 GMT Server: gunicorn/0.16.1 Content-Length: 345 Connection: Close	
	<pre>{ "headers": { "Content-Length": "11", "Host": "httpbin.org", "Content-Type": "text/plain", "User-Agent": "UBlox Leon G200/1.0 (N7/HTTP 1.0)", "Connection": "keep-alive" }, "args": {}, "args": {}, "args": {}, "data": "hello world", "url": "http://httpbin.org/post", "files": {}, "json": null, "form": {}, "origin": "10.82.21.198" }" OK" </pre>	



12.3 HTTP cookies

SARA-U



TOBY-L2

See the u-blox AT Commands Manual [1] for the AT commands applicability.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+UPSD=0,1,"click"	OK	Set the APN. The APN name relates to the network operator. The one used here is only an example.
AT+UPSDA=0,3	OK	Activate a PDP context.
AT+UPSND=0,0	+UPSND: 0,0,"10.130.31.65"	Check whether IP is assigned. The reported IP address is assigned by the network operator, the one used here is only an example.
AT+UHTTP=0	OK	Set up a connection to an echo server (httbin.org) that checks and echoes post commands.
AT+UHTTPAC=0,0,0,"CKE:SIMPLE"	OK	Set a simple COOKIE.
AT+UHTTPAC=0,0,0	+UHTTPAC: 0,0,0,"CKE:SIMPLE"	Read the set COOKIE. This step is not mandatory.
	OK	
AT+UHTTP=0,1,"httpbin.org"	OK	Set the server host name (httpbin.org is a freely available 3 rd party service. It is not managed or operated by u-blox).
AT+UHTTP=0,5,80	OK	Set the server post.
AT+UHTTPC=0,1,"/get","get.ffs	OK	Submit a GET command and store the answer in the local file get.ffs on the module file system.
	+UUHTTPCR: 0,4,1	The +UUHTTPCR URC indicates the request was successful.
AT+URDFILE="get.ffs"		Read the get.ffs file.
	+URDFILE: "get.ffs",418,"HTTP/1.1 200 OK	Content of the get.ffs file where it is possible to see that the server received the cookie (line marked in red).
	Server: nginx Date: Fri, 04 Sep 2015 14:37:07 GMT	
	Content-Type: application/json Content-Length: 203	
	Connection: close	
	Access-Control-Allow-Origin:	
	Access-Control-Allow-	
	Credentials: true	
	<pre>{ "args": {}, "headers": { <u>"Cookie": "CKE:SIMPLE"</u>, "Host": "httpbin.org", "User-Agent": "UBLOX- HttpClient V2.0" }, "origin": "151.82.163.82", "url": "http://httpbin.org/get" } " OK</pre>	



13 Network jamming detection AT commands

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Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

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It is strongly suggested to use the network registration URC (+CREG) along the network jamming detection URC (+UCD) to evaluate the jamming condition.

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It is possible to have multiple network registration URCs (+CREG) due to transitory states during cell/PLMN search and registration.

13.1 Jamming detection threshold and number of carriers evaluation

To set a proper threshold for jamming detection it is suggested to use:

- +CSQ and/or +CGED to evaluate the serving cell RSSI or RXLEV
- +COPS=5 and +CGED to evaluate the surrounding cells RXLEV

To set a proper number of carriers for jamming detection it is suggested to use +COPS=5 and +CGED.

In case of mobility applications, the evaluation for a proper threshold and number of carriers shall be periodical.

Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS=5	MCC:222, MNC:88, LAC:55fa, CI:1281, BSIC:3f, Arfcn:00102, RxLev:025	32 BCCH carriers, not part of the serving cell's BA list, have been reported.
	MCC:222, MNC:88, LAC:55fa, CI:1298, BSIC:02, Arfcn:00107, RxLev:020	
	 MCC:222, MNC:10, LAC:4e5c, CI:ffff, BSIC:36, Arfcn:00081, RxLev:004 OK	
AT+CGED=5	+CGED:	Serving cell and 4 BCCH carriers, part of the serving cell's BA list, have been reported.
	Service Cell:	
	MCC:222, MNC: 1, LAC:d5bd, CI:5265, BSIC:15, Arfcn:01004, RxLev:030, Arfcn_ded:INVALID_ARFCN, RxLevSub:255,t_adv:000	
	Neighbour Cell 1:	
	MCC:222, MNC: 1, LAC:d5bd, CI:5251, BSIC:14, Arfcn:00015, RxLev:014, Neighbour Cell 15:	
	MCC:65535, MNC:255, LAC:ffff, CI:ffff, BSIC:ff, Arfcn:01022, RxLev:000,	
	OK	

13.1.1 Example 1: 2G threshold and number of carriers evaluation



Command	Response	Description
AT+CSQ	+CSQ: 16,99	Serving cell's <rssi> is 16.</rssi>
	OK	
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable network registration URC.
AT+UCD=1,46,28	ОК	<pre><min_number_of_2g_carriers> = number of BCCH carriers not part of the BA list + number of BCCH carriers part of the BA list + user defined margin (e.g. 10). <rxlev_threshold> = serving cell's RXLEV - user defined margin (e.g. 2).</rxlev_threshold></min_number_of_2g_carriers></pre>

13.2 Jamming detection in 2G network

LEON-G LISA-U SARA-G

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Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

13.2.1 Example 1: all the available 2G carriers jammed

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable the network registration URC.
AT+UCD=1,12,18	OK	2G network jamming detection enabled and configured.
	+CREG: 2	Not registered, but the module is currently searching a PLMN to register to.
	+UCD: 1	If the jamming is detected (depends on the +UCD configuration) a URC is raised.

13.3 Jamming detection in 3G network

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13.3.1 Example 1: all the available 3G carriers jammed

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable network registration URC.
AT+UCD=3,,,10,25	OK	3G network jamming detection enabled and configured.
	+CREG: 2	Not registered, but the module is currently searching a PLMN to register to.
	+UCD: 3	If the jamming is detected (depends on the +UCD configuration) a URC is raised.
	+UCD: 2	If jamming is not detected anymore or synchronization on the selected PLMN has been successful an URC is raised.
	+CREG: 1 (or +CREG:5)	Registered on home or roaming PLMN (if the registration is successful)



13.4 Jamming detection in 2G/3G network



SARA-U

13.4.1 Example 1: all the available 2G and 3G carriers jammed

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable network registration URC.
AT+UCD=4,12,18,10,25	OK	2G and 3G network jamming detection enabled and configured.
	+CREG: 2	Not registered, but the module is currently searching a PLMN to register to.
	+UCD: 1	If jamming is detected (depends on the +UCD configuration) a URC is raised.
	+UCD: 3	If jamming is detected (depends on the +UCD configuration) URC is raised.

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The 2G jamming indication URC and 3G jamming indication URC order can be inverted.

13.5 Advanced jamming detection in 2G network

LEON-G

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Not supported by LEON-G100-07S / LEON-G200-07S and previous versions.

Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

SARA-G

13.5.1 Example 1: all the available 2G carriers jammed

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable the network registration URC.
AT+UCD=5,30,35	ОК	2G network advanced jamming detection enabled and configured. The selected PLMN is retrieved from the IMSI.
	+CREG: 2	Not registered, but the module is currently searching a PLMN to register to.
	+UCD: 1	If the jamming is detected (depends on the +UCD configuration) and synchronization on the selected PLMN is not possible, an URC is raised.
	+UCD: 0	If the jamming is not detected anymore (e.g. jamming source switched off) or the synchronization on the selected PLMN has been successful (e.g. a selected PLMN's BCCH carrier stronger than the jamming source has been found), an URC is raised.
	+CREG: 1 (or +CREG:5)	Registered on home or roaming PLMN (if the registration is successful).



13.5.2 Example 2: all the available 2G carriers jammed; selected PLMN not retrieved from IMSI

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable the network registration URC.
AT+COPS=1,2,"00115"	OK	Manual network selection on the selected PLMN.
	+CREG: 5	The module is registered on the roaming PLMN 001/15.
AT+UCD=5,30,35	ОК	2G network advanced jamming detection enabled and configured. The selected PLMN is retrieved from the manual network selection.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Switch to automatic network selection (mandatory step).
	+CREG: 2	Not registered, but the module is currently searching a PLMN to register to.
	+UCD: 1	If the jamming is detected (depends on the +UCD configuration) and the synchronization on the selected PLMN is not possible, an URC is raised.
	+UCD: 0	If the jamming is not detected anymore (e.g. jamming source switched off) or the synchronization on the selected PLMN has been successful (e.g. a selected PLMN's BCCH carrier stronger than the jamming source has been found), an URC is raised.
	+CREG: 1 or +CREG:5	Registered on home or roaming PLMN (if the registration is successful).

13.5.3 Example 3: not jammed 2G carrier(s) are not part of the selected PLMN

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+CREG=1	OK	Enable the network registration URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Automatic network selection.
AT+UCD=5,30,35	ОК	2G network advanced jamming detection enabled and configured. The selected PLMN is retrieved from the IMSI.
	+CREG: 2	Not registered, but the module is currently searching a PLMN to register to.
	+UCD: 1	If jamming is detected (depends on the +UCD configuration) and synchronization on the selected PLMN is not possible an URC is raised.
	+CREG: 5	The module is registered on roaming PLMN/network.
	+UCD: 0	If the jamming is not detected anymore (e.g. jamming source switched off) or the synchronization on the selected PLMN has been successful (e.g. a selected PLMN's BCCH carrier stronger than the jamming source has been found) an URC is raised.



14 Cell lock AT commands

Not supported by LEON-G100-07x / LEON-G200-07S and previous versions.
Not supported by LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U2x0-x1S and previous versions.
Not supported by TOBY-L2 "00S", "01S" and "60S" product versions.

14.1 Cell lock in single mode

14.1.1 Cell lock in 2G network: normal mode









Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior to the lock.
AT+UCELLLOCK=3,100,0	OK	A normal cell lock is set on ARFCN 100 enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In normal mode the module performs handovers during the connected mode. If a handover is performed or if the locking cell is lost the state will accordingly change.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior disabling the lock.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	Disable cell lock.

SARA-U

14.1.2 Cell lock in 2G network: extended mode



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SARA-G





Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

Command	Response	Description
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior to the lock.
AT+UCELLLOCK=5,600,1	OK	A normal cell lock is issued on ARFCN 600 of band 1900 with URC enabled.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In extended mode the module does not perform any handover during connected mode. A change of serving cell is still possible. If the service cell is changed or if the locking cell is lost the state will change accordingly.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior disabling the lock.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	Disable cell lock.



14.1.3 Cell lock in 2G network: normal mode



14.1.4 Cell lock in 2G network: extended mode



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=0	OK	Set the GSM RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=5,600,1	OK	An extended cell lock is issued on ARFCN 600 of band 1900 with URC enabled.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,1	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In extended mode the module does not perform any handover if in a connection. A change of serving cell is still possible. The state will change accordingly due to a serving cell change or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.1.5 Cell lock in 3G network: normal mode



SARA-U TOBY-L2

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=2	OK	Set the UMTS RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=3,,,10838,6	OK	A normal cell lock is set on UARFCN 10838, PSC 6 enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.



+UCELLLOCK: 1,2If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In normal mode the module performs soft/hard handovers if in a connection or any physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. The state will accordingly change due to a handover or to the locking cell loss.AT+UCELLLOCK=0OKThe cell lock is disabled.	Command	Response	Description
AT+UCELLLOCK=0 OK The cell lock is disabled.		+UCELLLOCK: 1,2	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In normal mode the module performs soft/hard handovers if in a connection or any physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. The state will accordingly change due to a handover or to the locking cell loss.
	AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.1.6 Cell lock in 3G network: extended mode

SARA-U

LISA-U

TOBY-L2

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=2	OK	Set the UMTS RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=5,,,10838,6	OK	An extended cell lock is set on UARFCN 10838, PSC 6 enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,2	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection but it will still obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. The state will accordingly change due to a handover or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.1.7 Cell lock in 3G network: extended + redirection mode



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+UCELLLOCK=7,,,10838,6	OK	An extended + redirection cell lock is set on UARFCN 10838, PSC 6 enabling the URC.
AT+URAT=2	OK	Set the UMTS RAT.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,2	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection and does not obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. The state will accordingly change due to a handover or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.



14.1.8 Cell lock in 4G network: normal mode



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=3	OK	Set the LTE RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=3,,,,,900,0	OK	A normal cell lock is set on EARFCN 900, P-CID 0 enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,3	The URC reports the cell lock state. In normal mode the module performs soft/hard handovers if in a connection or any physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. The state will accordingly change due to a handover or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.1.9 Cell lock in 4G network: extended mode



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=3	OK	Set the LTE RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=5,,,,,6300,337	OK	An extended cell lock is set on EARFCN 6300, P-CID 337 enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,3	The URC reports the cell lock state. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection but it will still obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. The state will accordingly change due to a handover or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.1.10 Cell lock in 4G network: extended + redirection mode

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+UCELLLOCK=7,,,,,6300,337	OK	An extended + redirection cell lock is set on EARFCN 6300, P-CID 337 enabling the URC.
AT+URAT=3	OK	Set the LTE RAT.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.



Command	Response	Description
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,3	The URC reports the cell lock state. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection and does not obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of EARFCN and/or P-CID. The state will accordingly change due to a handover or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.2 Cell lock in multi mode

14.2.1 Cell lock in dual-mode: normal mode



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=1,2		Set the dual RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=3,100,0,10838,6	OK	A normal cell lock is set on both ARFCN 100 and UARFCN 10838 and PSC 6, enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,2	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In normal mode the module performs handovers if in a connection. Changes of RAT are allowed only to the other locking cell. The state will accordingly change due to a handover, a RAT change or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.2.2 Cell lock in dual-mode: extended mode

SARA-U



TOBY-L2

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=1,2		Set the dual RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=5,100,0,10838,6	ОК	An extended + redirection cell lock is set on both ARFCN 100 and UARFCN 10838 and PSC 6, enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,1	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection but it will still obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. Changes of RAT are allowed only to the other locking cell. The state will accordingly change due to a handover, a RAT change or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.



14.2.3 Cell lock in dual-mode: extended + redirection mode

LISA-U	SARA

-U TOBY-L2

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=1,2		Set the dual RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=7,100,0,10838,6	OK	An extended cell lock is set on both ARFCN 100 and UARFCN 10838 and PSC 6, enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,1	If the URC mode is enabled then the cell lock state will be reported. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection and does not obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. In 2G this is equivalent to the extended mode. Changes of RAT are allowed only to the other locking cell. The state will accordingly change due to a handover, a RAT change or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.2.4 Cell lock in tri-mode: normal mode

TOBY-L2

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=4,3		Set the tri RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=3,100,0,10838,6, 6300,337	ОК	A normal cell lock is set on 2G cell ARFCN 100, 3G cell UARFCN 10838, PSC 6 and 4G cell EARFCN 6300, P-CID 337, enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,3	The module searches for any of the three locking cells and camps on the first cell found. The URC reports the cell lock state. In normal mode the module performs handovers if in a connection. Changes of RAT are allowed only to the other locking cell. The state will accordingly change due to a handover, a RAT change or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.2.5 Cell lock in tri-mode: extended mode

TOBY-L2

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=4,3		Set the tri RAT.



Command	Response	Description
AT+UCELLLOCK=5,100,0,10838,6, 6300,337	ок	An extended + redirection cell lock is set on 2G cell ARFCN 100, 3G cell UARFCN 10838, PSC 6 and 4G cell EARFCN 6300, P-CID 337, enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,3	The module searches for any of the three locking cells and camps on the first cell found. The URC reports the cell lock state. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection but it will still obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. Changes of RAT are allowed only to the other locking cell. The state will accordingly change due to a handover, a RAT change or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.

14.2.6 Cell lock in tri-mode: extended + redirection mode



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+COPS=2	OK	Deregister the module prior the lock.
AT+URAT=4,3		Set the tri RAT.
AT+UCELLLOCK=7,100,0,10838,6, 6300,337	ОК	An extended cell lock is set on on 2G cell ARFCN 100, 3G cell UARFCN 10838, PSC 6 and 4G cell EARFCN 6300, P-CID 337, enabling the URC.
AT+COPS=0	OK	Set automatic network selection.
	+UCELLLOCK: 1,3	The module searches for any of the three locking cells and camps on the first cell found. The URC reports the cell lock state. In extended mode the module does not perform any soft/hard handovers if in a connection and does not obey to physical/transport/radio bearer reconfiguration that implies a change of UARFCN and/or PSC. In 2G this is equivalent to the extended mode. Changes of RAT are allowed only to the other locking cell. The state will accordingly change due to a handover, a RAT change or to the locking cell loss.
AT+UCELLLOCK=0	OK	The cell lock is disabled.



15 ADC AT commands

LEON-G

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Not supported by LEON-G200 versions.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+UADC=?	+UADC: (0) OK	List of the supported ADCs.
AT+UADC=0	+UADC: 0,473	Check the current value (in milliVolts) of the specified ADC.
	OK	



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Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

For more details about GPIO pin mapping, see the corresponding module system integration manual [3], [6], [7].

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+UGPIOR=?	+UGPIOR: (20, 21)	List of GPIO pin numbers.
	ОК	
AT+UGPIOC=20,0,0	ОК	 Set up the GPIO input / output mode: GPIO1 in output mode with default value 0 GPIO2 in input mode (no default value can be
AT+UGPIOC=21,1	OK	set)
AT+UGPIOR=20	+UGPIOR: 20,0	Read the GPIO status.
	OK	
AT+UGPIOR=21	+UGPIOR: 21,1	
	OK	
AT+UGPIOW=20,1	ОК	Write (set) the GPIO status.
		Only GPIO configured in output mode can be written.
AT+UGPIOC=21,2	OK	Configure GPIO2 to be used as network indication.
AT+UGPIOC=?	+UGPIOC: (20,21),(0-3),(0-1) 20, 0, 1	Provides GPIO status (GPIO1 is an output with value 0 and GPIO2 is set as network configuration).
	21, 2	On LISA-U / SARA-U series the
	OK	through the read command.
AT+UGPIOW=21,1	+CME ERROR: Write GPIO error	Write into a GPIO in input mode. An error is returned.



17 Multiplexer AT commands

SARA-G

LEON-G

Not supported by TOBY-L2x0-00S modules.

u-blox cellular modules provide the following virtual channels:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 5: AT commands / data connection
- Channel 6: GNSS tunneling

SARA-U and LISA-U2 series (except LISA-U200-00S version) provide an additional virtual channel:

• Channel 7: SAP (SIM Access Profile)

LISA-U

AT+CMUX command must be sent by the mux driver on the host. When the control channel is closed, the mux is disabled. To close the mux channel it is necessary to stop the mux driver; after this the channel #0 will not be seen as a virtual port.

SARA-U

TOBY-L2

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set verbose error result codes.
AT+CMUX=0,0,0,1400,253,3,254, 0,0	ОК	Enable the multiplexer on the module. Once it is started the connection is handled using the multiplexing protocol as defined in 3GPP 27.010 [2].



18 File system AT commands

SARA-G



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LISA-U

SARA-U

(P Not supported by SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 modules.

> The commands in this section refer to the module's local file system. The size of the file system is limited by the available memory. See u-blox AT Commands Manual [1].

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+ULSTFILE=	+ULSTFILE:"a_file","another_f ile","mydata" OK	List all the files in the file system.
AT+ULSTFILE=1	+ULSTFILE: 1012131 OK	Get free space in the file system (in bytes).
AT+ULSTFILE=2,"a_file"	+ULSTFILE: 24365 OK	Get file size of "a_file" file (in bytes).
AT+ULSTFILE=2,"some_name"	+ULSTFILE: 0 OK	If the specified file does not exist a 0 bytes dimension is returned.
AT+UDWNFILE="new_file",12	>	Request the creation of a new file on file system specifying file name and file size (in bytes). Wait for ">" symbol indicating the data prompt is now open (AT commands are not allowed in data prompt).
Hello World!	OK	 Send to the serial port the bytes to be written in the specified file. It is not possible to write fewer bytes than previously specified with AT+UDWNFILE command. If more bytes are written respect to the threshold, the remaining bytes will be truncated. The interface is blocked until all the bytes are written. When the requested number of bytes is written, the module exits from data prompt, OK is returned if no error occurred during file creation.
AT+ULSTFILE=	+ULSTFILE:"a_file","another_f ile","mydata","new_file" OK	List again all the files in the file system.
AT+ULSTFILE=2,"new_file"	+ULSTFILE: 12 OK	Get file size of "new_file" file (in bytes). The size is exactly the size requested when the file was created with +UDWNFILE.
AT+URDFILE="new_file"	+URDFILE: new_file,12,"Hello World!" OK	Read the just created file ("new_file").
AT+UDELFILE="new_file"	OK	Delete the file called "new_file".
AT+ULSTFILE=	+ULSTFILE:"a_file","another_f ile","mydata"	List all the files in the file system.
	OK	


19 SIM toolkit



SIM Application Toolkit (SAT) is a set of commands and procedures which may be used during a GSM session. The SAT provides mechanisms which allow applications, existing in the SIM, to interact and operate with any MT, which supports the specific mechanisms required by the application.

The specifications related to SIM toolkit are u-blox AT Commands Manual [1], 3GPP TS 27.010 [2], 3GPP TS 51.011 [4] and 3GPP TS 51.014 [5].

Similarly, USAT (USIM Application Toolkit) provides mechanisms which allow applications, existing in the UICC, to interact and operate with any ME which supports the specific mechanism(s) required by the application (3GPP TS 31.111 [8]).

The SAT (or USAT) can be activated by sending +CFUN=6; this enables the SIM-toolkit interface and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM-card. After the activation of the SIM toolkit interface, the +STKPRO URC displays the setup menu when available from the SIM (immediately or after PIN insertion).

The commands in this section work properly only if the DTE has activated the SIM toolkit interface. Otherwise the SIM-toolkit processing will be blocked.



In the following sections, SIM is equivalent to USIM and SAT is equivalent to USAT.

19.1 Profile download

The profile downloading provides a mechanism for the MT to tell the SIM what it is capable of, and the SIM can then limit its instruction range accordingly. If the MT does not send the terminal profile, the SIM shall assume that the MT does not support SIM Application Toolkit.

The +STKPROF AT command can query the Terminal Profile and the information text response is the list of SAT facilities supported by the MT, as specified in 3GPP TS 51.014 [5] or in 3GPP TS 31.111 [8].

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=6	OK	SAT activation (if not already enabled).
AT+STKPROF?	+STKPROF: 17,"FFFFFFFF7F0300D F7F0000000010A0003"	The reading result of the terminal profile data.
	OK	

(B)

The terminal profile is sent at power up from MT to SIM, no matter if SAT is enabled or not.

19.2 Proactive SIM

A proactive SIM is a SIM that is capable of issuing commands to the MT. The MT is always the "master" and initiates commands to the SIM, and therefore there is no mechanism for the SIM to initiate a communication with the MT. This limits the possibility of introducing new SIM features requiring the support of the MT, as the MT needs to know in advance what actions it should take. The SIM shall execute all SAT proactive commands or procedures in such a way as not to jeopardize, or cause suspension, of service provisioning to the user.

Proactive SIM gives a mechanism whereby the SIM can initiate actions to be taken by the MT. These actions include:

- Displaying text from the SIM to the MT
- Sending a short message
- Setting up a voice call to a number held by the SIM



- Setting up a data call to a number and bearer capabilities held by the SIM
- Sending an SS control or USSD string
- Playing tone in earpiece
- Initiating a dialogue with the user
- SIM initialization request and notification of changes to EF(s)
- Providing local information from the MT to the SIM
- Communicating with the additional card(s) (if class "a" is supported)
- Providing information about the additional card reader(s) (if class "a" is supported)
- Managing timers running physically in the MT
- Running an AT command received from the SIM, and returning the result to the SIM (if class "b" is supported)
- Sending DTMF
- Requesting the MT to launch the browser corresponding to a URL (if class "c" is supported)
- Establishing and managing a bearer independent protocol (if class "e" is supported)

The information text response to the test command of +STKPRO lists the supported proactive commands.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=6	OK	SAT activation (if not already enabled).
AT+STKPRO=?	+STKPRO: (01,05,16,17,18,19,2 0,21,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,40, 53)	List of the supported proactive commands.

Referring to 3GPP TS 51.014 [5] (or ETSI 102.223 [9]), this means that the module supports the following proactive commands:

- 01 (0x01) REFRESH
- 05 (0x05) SETUP EVENT LIST
- 16 (0x10) SETUP CALL
- 17 (0x11) SEND SS
- 18(0x12) SEND USSD
- 19(0x13) SEND SMS
- 20(0x14) SEND DTMF
- 21(0x15) LAUNCH BROWSER
- 32 (0x20) PLAY TONE
- 33 (0x21) DISPLAY TEXT
- 34 (0x22) GET INKEY
- 35 (0x23) GET INPUT
- 36 (0x24) SELECT ITEM
- 37 (0x25) SETUP MENU
- 38 (0x26) PROVIDE LOCAL INFO
- 40 (0x28) SETUP IDLE MODE TEXT
- 53 (0x35) LANGUAGE NOTIFICATION



19.3 Example

19.3.1 Enable the SAT and terminal response

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=6	OK	SAT activation (if not already enabled).
	+STKPRO: 37,"STK- JavaCard",1,1,"AA",0	The URC displays the SAT main menu.
AT+STKTR=37,0	ОК	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 37,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 37: set up menu 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command

19.3.2 Changing the terminal profile

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=6	OK	SAT activation (if not already enabled).
	+STKPRO: 37,"STK- JavaCard",1,1,"AA",0	The URC provides the SAT main menu.
AT+STKTR=37,0	ОК	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 37,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 37: set up menu 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command
AT+STKPROF?	+STKPROF: 17,"FFFFFFF7F0300D F7F0000000010A0003"	The reading result of the terminal profile data.
	OK	
AT+STKPROF=2,"FF03"	OK	Modify the terminal profile value.
AT+CPWROFF	OK	Switch off the module to save the current configuration.
(powering on module again)		
AT+STKPROF?	+CME ERROR: operation not allowed	The SAT must be activated at next power up.
AT+CFUN=6	OK	SAT activation (if not already enabled).
AT+STKPROF?	+STKPROF: 2,"FF03"	The reading result of the terminal profile data.
	OK	
AT+STKPROF=0	OK	Forces a reset to the default terminal profile stored in the MT.
AT+STKPROF?	+STKPROF: 17,"FFFFFFF7F0300D F7F00000000010A0003"	The reading result of the terminal profile data.
	ОК	
AT+CPWROFF	OK	Switch off the module to save the current configuration.



Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=6	ОК	SAT activation (if not already enabled).
	+STKPRO: 37,"STK- JavaCard",1,1,"AA",0	The URC displays the SAT main menu.
AT+STKTR=37,0	OK	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the URC +STKPRO.
	+STKCNF: 37,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 37: set up menu 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command
AT+STKENV=211,1	+STKCNF: 129,0,255,145 OK	 Send command "Menu Selection" to the SIM. The +STKCNF command displays the proactive session status: 129: end of proactive session 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 145: normal ending of the command
	<pre>+STKPRO: 36,"Commands",1,6,"S IM - ME",0,0 +STKPRO: 36,"Commands",2,6,"S IM - Display",0,0 +STKPRO: 36,"Commands",3,6,"S IM - Earpiece",0,0 +STKPRO: 36,"Commands",4,6,"S IM - Network",0,0 +STKPRO: 36,"Commands",5,6,"S IM - Card reader",0,0 +STKPRO: 36,"Commands",6,6,"S pecial",0,0</pre>	SAT submenu consisting in 6 items of type "Select item".
AT+STKTR=36,0,0,0,0,"02"	OK	Terminal response: select item "2".
	+STKCNF: 36,0,255,144	Proactive session status.
	+STKPRO: 36,"Display Text",1,3,"ASCII 7 bit",0,0	SAT submenu consisting in 3 items of type "Select item".
	+STKPRO: 36,"Display Text",2,3,"UCS2",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"Display Text",3,3,"Icon",0,0	

19.3.3 Entering SAT menu and selecting an item



19.3.4 Call setup

Command	Response	Description
AT+CFUN=6	OK	Activate the SAT (if not already enabled).
	+STKPRO: 37,"STK- JavaCard",1,1,"AA",0	SAT URC which displays to user the SAT main menu.
AT+STKTR=37,0	OK	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the URC +STKPRO.
	+STKCNF: 37,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 37: set up menu 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command
AT+STKENV=211,1	+STKCNF: 129,0,255,145	Send command "Menu Selection" to the SIM. The +STKCNF URC displays the proactive session status:
		 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 145: normal ending of the command
	+STKPRO: 36,"Commands",1,6,"S IM - ME",0,0	SAT submenu consisting in 6 items of type "Select item".
	+STKPRO: 36,"Commands",2,6,"S IM - Display",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"Commands",3,6,"S IM - Earpiece",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"Commands",4,6,"S IM - Network",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"Commands",5,6,"S IM - Card reader",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"Commands",6,6,"S pecial",0,0	
AT+STKTR=36,0,0,0,0,"04"	ОК	Terminal response: select item "4".
	+STKCNF: 36,0,255,144	Proactive session status.
	+STKPRO: 36,"SIM - Network",1,5,"DTMF",0,0	SAT submenu consisting in 5 items of type "Select item".
	+STKPRO: 36,"SIM - Network",2,5,"SMS",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"SIM - Network",3,5,"Send SS",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"SIM - Network",4,5,"USSD",0,0	
	+STKPRO: 36,"SIM - Network",5,5,"Setup Call",0,0	
AT+STKTR=36,0,0,0,0,"05"	OK	Terminal response: select item "4".
	+STKCNF: 36,0,255,144	Proactive session status.
	+STKPRO: 35,0,4,"456E74657220 6469616C206E6F2E",20,2,,0	SAT requires GET INPUT (35); <hex_string> is "Enter dial no."</hex_string>
AT+STKTR=35,0,0,0,4,"31323334 35"	ОК	Terminal response GET INPUT (calling number is "12345").
	+STKCNF: 35,0,255,145	Proactive session status.
	+STKCC: 1,0,,"12345"	URC displaying control status.



Command	Response	Description
	+STKPRO: 16,"12345","",0,"cal ling",0,,0	Proactive session transaction.
AT+STKTR=16,0	OK	Terminal response to SETUP CALL.
	NO CARRIER	(in this test no GSM network available)
	+STKCNF: 16,32,4,145	 Proactive session status: 16: setup call 32: MT currently unable to process command 4: no service (see 3GPP TS 51.014 [5], additional result) 145: normal ending of the command
	+STKPRO: 33,129,4,"526573756C 743A203230",0,0	Proactive session transaction: DISPLAY TEXT. Text is "Result: 20".
	+STKCNF: 33,18,255,144	 Proactive session status: 33: display text 18: no response from user 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command

19.3.5 Refresh proactive command handling

Precondition: the SIM-toolkit interface has been enabled by sending +CFUN=6

Command	Response	Description
	+STKPRO: 01,0,0,""	The URC displays the Refresh – USIM Initialization and Full File Change Notification proactive command.
AT+STKTR=01,0	OK	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 1,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 1: refresh 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command

19.3.5.2 Refresh: file change notification

Command	Response	Description
	+STKPRO: 01,1,1,"3F007F106F3B	The URC displays the Refresh - File Change Notification proactive command.
AT+STKTR=01,0	ок	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 1,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 1: refresh 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command



Command	Response	Description
	+STKPRO: 01,2,1,"3F007F206F38	The URC displays the Refresh - USIM Initialization and File Change Notification proactive command.
AT+STKTR=01,0	ок	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 1,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 1: refresh 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command

19.3.5.3 USIM initialization and file change notification

19.3.5.4 USIM initialization

Command	Response	Description
	+STKPRO: 01,3,0,""	The URC displays the Refresh - USIM Initialization proactive command.
AT+STKTR=01,0	OK	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 1,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 1: refresh 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command

19.3.5.5 UICC reset

Command	Response	Description
	+STKPRO: 01,4,0,""	The URC displays the Refresh - UICC Reset proactive command.
AT+STKTR=1,0	OK	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 1,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 1: refresh 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command

19.3.6 Envelope: idle screen available

Command	Response	Description
	+STKPRO: 05,5	The URC displays the Set Up Event List – Idle Screen available event proactive command
AT+STKTR=05,0	OK	Response to the previous SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the +STKPRO URC.
	+STKCNF: 5,0,255,144	 URC displaying the SAT proactive session status: 5: Set Up Event List 0: command performed successfully 255: no additional info 144: normal ending of the command
AT+STKENV=214,5	OK	Send envelope:214: Event download5: idle screen available



20 SMS AT commands

LEON-G

LISA-U

SARA-U

TOBY-L2

20.1 Read all messages or one single message

SARA-G

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMGF=1	OK	Set the preferred message format to text mode.
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: "ME",3,300,"ME",3,300, "ME",3,300	Check which memories are active for reading, deleting, storing, sending and receiving messages.
	OK	
AT+CPMS="MT"	+CPMS: 5,350,3,300,3,300 OK	Set the preferred message storage to "MT" (that means SIM card + module file system) for read and delete cases.
		are "SM" and "BM".
AT+CMGL	+CMGL: 1,"REC READ","12345",,"10/09/09,15:0 6:30+08" Test message 1	Display the message list (both on module file system and SIM card).
	+CMGL: 2,"STO SENT","67890",, abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	
	+CMGL: 3,"STO UNSENT","",,	
	Test message 2	
	+CMGL: 301,"REC READ","54321",,"08/08/09,10:0 1:38+08"	
	Hello world	
	+CMGL: 302,"REC UNREAD","9876",,"09/08/09,10: 05:40+08"	
	Test message 3	
	OK	
AT+CMGR=301	+CMGR: "REC READ","54321",,"08/08/09,10:0 1:38+08" Hello world	Read a single message from SIM card since the index is greater than 300 (number of SMS stored in the module file system).
	OK	
AT+CMGR=2	+CMGR: "STO SENT","67890"	Read a single message from the module file system
	abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	since the index is lower than 300 (number of SMS stored in the module file system).
	OK	



20.2 Delete one single message or multiple messages

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMGF=1	OK	Set the preferred message format to text mode.
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: "ME",3,300,"ME",3,300, "ME",3,300	Check which memories are active for reading, deleting, storing, sending and receiving messages.
ΔT+CPMS="MT"	+CPMS+ 5 350 3 300 3 300	Sat the preferred message storage to "MT" (that
	OK	means SIM card + module file system) for read and
AT+CMGD=3	OK	Delete a single message from the module file system
minded 5		since the index is lower than 300 (number of SMS stored in the module file system).
AT+CMGD=302	OK	Delete a single message from the SIM card since the index is greater than 300 (number of SMS stored in the module file system).
AT+CMGL	+CMGL: 1,"REC READ","12345",,"10/09/09,15:0 6:30+08"	Display the message list (both on the module file system and the SIM card) to check the remaining messages.
	Test message 1	
	+CMGL: 2,"STO SENT","67890",,	
	abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	
	+CMGL: 301,"REC READ","54321",,"08/08/09,10:0	
	1:38+08"	
	Hello world	
	OK	
AT+CMGD=1,1	ОК	Delete all the read messages, leaving unread and stored (whether sent or not) messages untouched.
AT+CMGL	+CMGL: 2,"STO SENT","67890",,	Display the message list (both on the module file
	abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	system and the SIM card) to check the remaining messages.
	OK	

20.3 Write and/or send one single message

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMGF=1	OK	Set the preferred message format to text mode.
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: "ME",3,300,"ME",3,300, "ME",3,300	Check which memories are active for reading, deleting, storing, sending and receiving messages.
	OK	
AT+CPMS="SM"	+CPMS: 3,300,0,50,3,300	Set the preferred message storage to "SM" (that means SIM card) for write and send cases.
	OK	
AT+CMGW="12345" <cr> This is a test message<ctrl-< td=""><td>+CMGW: 301</td><td>Store a new message (without sending it to the network) on the SIM card.</td></ctrl-<></cr>	+CMGW: 301	Store a new message (without sending it to the network) on the SIM card.
Z>	OK	
AT+CMSS=301	+CMSS: 5	Send the message from SIM Card since the index is greater than 300 (number of SMS stored in the
	OK	module file system).
AT+CMGS="67890" <cr> Hello world<ctrl-z></ctrl-z></cr>	+CMGS: 6	Directly send a new message without stored it.
	OK	



20.4 Read all messages or one single message (concatenated SMS related commands)

LEON-G

(B)

Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMGF=1	OK	Set the preferred message format to text mode.
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: "ME",4,300,"ME",4,300, "ME",4,300	Check which memories are active for reading, deleting, storing, sending and receiving messages.
	OK	
AT+CPMS="MT"	+CPMS: 6,350,4,300,4,300	Set the preferred message storage to "MT" (that means SIM card + module file system) for read and delate sees
		Delete cases.
AT+UCMGL	+UCMGL: 1,"REC READ","12345",,"10/09/09,15:0 6:30+08"	Display the message list (both on the module file system and the SIM card).
	Test message 1	The messages of index 2 and 3 (stored on module file
	+UCMGL: 2,"STO SENT","67890",,,1,2,0,201 While some observers suggest	system) are the two parts of an "8-bit reference number" type concatenated SMS (they have the same reference number = 201).
	the new plan shows government's determination to cool down the property market, several developers disagree, saying prices a	The messages of index 301 and 302 (stored on SIM card) are the two parts of an "16-bit reference number" type concatenated SMS (they have the same reference number = 3840).
	+UCMGL: 3,"STO SENT","67890",,,2,2,0,201 re determined by the economy.	Also the +CMGL command shows all the SMS, parts of concatenated messages included, but there are no additional
	+UCMGL: 4,"STO UNSENT","",, Test message 2	information about which of them are linked together.
	+UCMGL: 301, "REC READ", "54321",, "15/10/09,13:0 1:00+08",1,2,8,3840 The government will study whether the former chief executive of the West Kowloon Cultural District authority, Graham Sheffield, has breached his contrac	
	+UCMGL: 302,"REC READ","54321",,"15/10/09,13:0 2:40+08",2,2,8,3840 t by taking up a new position at the British Council in London.	
	OK	



Command	Response	Description
AT+UCMGR=302	+UCMGR: "REC READ","54321",," 15/10/09,13:02:40+08",2,2,8,3 840 t by taking up a new position at the British Council in London.	Read a single message from the SIM card. This is the part 2 of 2 of an "16-bit reference number" type concatenated SMS.
AT+UCMGR=2	+UCMGR: "STO SENT", "67890", 1, 2, 0, 201 While some observers suggest the new plan shows government's determination to cool down the property market, several developers disagree, saying prices a	Read a single message from the module file system. This is the part 1 of 2 of an "8-bit reference number" type concatenated SMS.

20.5 Write and/or send a concatenated SMS message

LEON-G

SARA-G

(P)

Not supported by LEON-G100-055 / LEON-G200-055 and previous versions.

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMGF=1	OK	Set the preferred message format to text mode.
AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: "ME",3,300,"ME",3,300, "ME",3,300	Check which memories are active for reading, deleting, storing, sending and receiving messages.
	OK	
AT+CPMS=,"SM"	+CPMS: 3,300,0,50,3,300	Set the preferred message storage to "SM" (that means SIM card) for write and send cases.
	OK	
AT+UCMGW="12345",,,1,3,0,25 <c R></c 	+UCMGW: 301	Store (without sending it to the network) a new "8-bit reference number" type concatenated message
He turned and ran up the steps to the highest point of	ОК	(consisting of three parts) on the SIM card.
his rocky islet, and climbed upon the stone platform he had built long ago. A quick look around sh <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>		Actually all the parts need to be created separately.
AT+UCMGW="12345",,,2,3,0,25 <c R></c 	+UCMGW: 302	
owed only emptiness, save for the two smaller islets of the group, dim in the distance on either side. They bounded his world. Beyond them, and all aroun <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK	
AT+UCMGW="12345",,,3,3,0,25 <c R></c 	+UCMGW: 303	
d in the mist-haunted sea, nothing was visible, not even the horizon. <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>	OK	



Command	Response	Description
AT+CMSS=301	+CMSS: 10	Send the concatenated message from storage (SIM card in this case).
	OK	
AT+CMSS=302	+CMSS: 11	All the parts need to be sent separately.
	ОК	
AT+CMSS=303	+CMSS: 12	
	OK	
AT+UCMGS="67890",,1,2,8,1024< CR>	+UCMGS: 13	Send directly a new "16-bit reference number" type concatenated message (consisting of two parts).
He turned and ran up the steps to the highest point of his rocky islet, and climbed	OK	All the parts need to be sent separately.
upon the stone platform he had built long ago. A quick look around s <ctrl-z></ctrl-z>		The messages are only sent and not stored.
AT+UCMGS="67890",,2,2,8,1024< CR>	+UCMGS: 14	
<pre>howed only emptiness, save for the two smaller islets of the group, dim in the distance on either side. <ctrl-z></ctrl-z></pre>	OK	



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21 SIM lock AT commands



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

21.1 SIM lock activation and deactivation

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	ОК	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+USIMLCK=?	+USIMLCK: ("PN","PU","PS"),""," ",(0-1) OK	Allowed SIM locks.
AT+CPIN="1234"	OK	Set the PIN.
AT+CLCK="PN",2	+CLCK: 0 OK	Check the SIM lock status; the network facility is not enabled.
AT+USIMLCK="PN","123.45","12 345678",1	OK	Feature configured and enabled.
AT+CLCK="PN",2	+CLCK: 1	Check the SIM lock status; the network facility is
	OK	enabled.
AT+CLCK="PN",0,"12345678"	OK	Verify and de-active the personalization.
AT+CLCK="PN",2	+CLCK: 0 OK	Check the SIM lock status; the network facility is not enabled.

21.2 SIM lock enabling and activation

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+USIMLCK=?	+USIMLCK: ("PN","PU","PS"),""," ",(0-1)	Allowed SIM locks.
	OK	
AT+CPIN="1234"	OK	Set the PIN.
AT+CLCK="PN",2	+CLCK: 0	Check the SIM lock status; the network facility is not enabled.
	OK	
AT+USIMLCK="PN","123.45","12 345678",0	OK	Feature configured but disabled.
AT+CLCK="PN",2	+CLCK: 0	Check the SIM lock status; the network facility is not enabled.
	OK	
AT+CLCK="PN",1,"12345678"	OK	Activation of the personalization.
AT+CLCK="PN",2	+CLCK: 1	Check the SIM lock status; the network facility is enabled.
	OK	



22 SIM Access Profile (SAP) AT commands

LISA-U

SARA-U

Not supported by LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U200-00S versions.

SAP AT commands enable the u-blox modules to connect to an SAP server and exchange data with the SIM provided by the server, as if it is locally attached to the u-blox cellular module. Once the connection to an SAP server is established and negotiated, the u-blox module performs a detach operation from the local SIM in the SIM card holder connected to the module, followed by an attach operation to the remote SIM. From this time on, any operation of the u-blox module is routed to the remotely attached SIM. With the SAP deactivation, the module performs a detach operation from the remote SIM followed by an attach operation to the local one (if present).

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For more details on SAP implementation, see the LISA-U Series System Integration Manual [6] and SARA-G / SARA-U Series System Integration Manual [7].

22.1 SAP activation

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+USAPIND=1	ОК	Enable the URC generation for the SAP mode status change indication and remote SIM status change indication.
		Enable the "SIM card detection" and "SIM hot insertion/removal" functions via AT commands (for more details see u-blox AT Commands Manual [1], +UGPIOC, +UDCONF=50 AT commands), to generate the URCs for local insertion/removal actions of the local SIM.
AT+USAPMODE=?	+USAPMODE: (0-1),0,(0-65535) OK	Allowed the SAP modes and parameters.
AT+USAPMODE=1	OK	Start the SAP negotiation with server.
	+UUSAPMODE: 1	URC signaling SAP client connected to server.
	+UUSAPREMOTE: 1	URC signaling remote SIM present. The local SIM (if present) is detached. The remote SIM is attached: any following operations are routed to the attached remote SIM.
AT+USAPMODE?	+USAPMODE: 1	The SAP client mode is active.
ΔT+CPIN2	+CDIN: SIM DIN	Chack the PIN of the remote SIM
ΔT+CPIN="1234"	OK	Sat the PIN of the remote SIM
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY	Remote SIM authenticated and ready to use
iii of iiv.		Remote silvi authenticated and ready to use.
	OK	
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT",0	Network registration status with attached remote SIM.
	OK	
ATD+3933812345678;	OK	Place a voice call using attached the remote SIM.



Command	Response	Description
	+UUSAPLOCAL: 1	A local SIM is inserted in the SIM card holder connected to the module. Because a SAP session is running, the module operations are routed to the attached remote SIM.
	+UUSAPLOCAL: 0	The local SIM is removed from the SIM card holder connected to the module. Because a SAP session is running, the module operations are routed to the attached remote SIM.

22.2 SAP deactivation

Command	Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Set the verbose error result codes.
AT+USAPIND=1	OK	Enable the URC generation for the SAP mode status change indication.
AT+USAPMODE=0	OK	Stop the SAP connection with server.
	+UUSAPMODE: 0	A URC indicates the SAP client is disconnected from server.
		Remote SIM is detached; the local SIM (if present) is attached: any following operations are routed to the attached local SIM.
AT+USAPMODE?	+USAPMODE: 0	The SAP connection is terminated.
	OK	
AT+CPIN?	+CME ERROR: SIM not inserted	Local SIM not present.
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0	Module not registered to the network.
	OK	
ATD+3933812345678;	+CME ERROR: SIM not inserted	Unable to place call because the local SIM not present.
AT+USAPIND=0	OK	Disable the URC generation for the SAP mode status change indication



23 USB profile configuration

TOBY-L2

Each u-blox cellular module consists of one or more USB products from the point of view of the USB configuration context. Each USB product includes a certain number of USB profiles. Each USB profile includes a certain number of USB endpoints, depending on the overall USB functions of the USB profile.

The USB profile switch is not performed at run-time. The settings are saved in the NVM at the module power off; the new configuration will be effective at the subsequent module reboot.

The USB profile can be configured through +UUSBCONF AT command.

23.1 High throughput profile

This is the default configuration (<id>=3), and it should be used to reach the best performance. The interfaces available are:

- 1 RNDIS for Ethernet-over-USB
- 1 CDC-ACM for AT command and data

This configuration is identified by:

- VID = 0x1546
- PID = 0x1146

Command	Response	Description
AT+UUSBCONF=3, "RNDIS",0	OK	Set USB configuration to "High throughput" and disable the audio over USB.
AT+UUSBCONF?	+UUSBCONF: 0,"",,"0x1141"	The new configuration is applied only at next module reboot. This is the current configuration.
	OK	
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module to make effective the changes.
AT+UUSBCONF?	+UUSBCONF: 3, "RNDIS",, "0x1146"	Check that the new configuration has been applied.
	OK	

23.2 Fairly back-compatible profile

This is the configuration (<id>=0) similar to the one implemented in the u-blox LISA-U series. The interfaces available are:

- 3 CDC-ACM for AT command and data
- 1 CDC-ACM for GNSS tunnelling
- 1 CDC-ACM for SIM Access profile (SAP)
- 1 CDC-ACM for diagnostic

This configuration is identified by:

- VID = 0x1546
- PID = 0x1141

Command	Response	Description
AT+UUSBCONF=0,"",0	OK	Set USB configuration to "fairly back-compatible" and disable the audio over USB.



Command	Response	Description
AT+UUSBCONF?	+UUSBCONF: 3,"RNDIS",,"0x1146"	The new configuration is applied only at next module reboot. This is the current configuration.
	OK	
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module to make effective the changes.
AT+UUSBCONF?	+UUSBCONF: 0,"",,"0x1141"	Check that the new configuration has been applied.
	OK	

23.3 Low/Medium throughput profile

In this configuration (<id>=2) the presence of several USB functions limits the reachable data transfer throughput. The interfaces available are:

- 3 CDC-ACM for AT command and data
- 1 CDC-ECM for Ethernet-over-USB

This configuration is identified by:

- VID = 0x1546
- PID = 0x1143

Command	Response	Description
AT+UUSBCONF=2, "ECM",0	OK	Set USB configuration to "low/medium throughput" and disable the audio over USB.
AT+UUSBCONF?	+UUSBCONF: 0,"",,"0x1141"	The new configuration is applied only at next module reboot. This the current configuration.
	OK	
AT+CFUN=16	OK	Reboot the module to make effective the changes.
AT+UUSBCONF?	+UUSBCONF: 2,"ECM",,"0x1143"	Check that the new configuration has been applied.
	OK	



Appendix

A List of acronyms

Abbreviation / Term	Explanation / Definition
3GPP	3rd Generation Partnership Project
ADC	Analog to Digital Converter
APN	Access Point Name
AT	AT Command Interpreter Software Subsystem, or attention
CI	Cell Identity
CTS	Clear To Send
DLC	Data Link Connection
DM	Device Management
DNS	Domain Name System
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DUT	Device Under Test
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution
EHPLMN	Equivalent Home PLMN
EPLMN	Equivalent PLMN
EPS	Evolved Packet System
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communication
HPLMN	Home PLMN
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
НТТР	HyperText Transfer Protocol
l ² C	Inter-Integrated Circuit
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Station Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
LAC	Location Area Code
MCC	Mobile Country Code
MNC	Mobile Network Code
MT	Mobile Terminal
NVM	Non Volatile Memory
ODIS	OMA-DM IMEI Sync
OMA-DM	Open Mobile Alliance Device Management
PDP	Parallel Data Processing



Abbreviation / Term	Explanation / Definition
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RTS	Request To Send
SAT	SIM Application Toolkit
SIM	Subscriber Identification Module
SV	Satellite in View
SMTP	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
ТА	Timing Advance
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
TTFF	Time To First Fix
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
URC	Unsolicited Result Code
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
VPLMN	Visited PLMN
WCDMA	Wideband CODE Division Multiple Access



Related documents

- [1] u-blox AT Commands Manual, Docu No UBX-13002752 (available at http://www.u-blox.com)
- [2] 3GPP TS 27.010 Terminal Equipment to User Equipment (TE-UE) multiplexer protocol (Release 1999)
- [3] LEON-G100/LEON-G200 System Integration Manual, Docu No UBX-13002023 (until end 2013, GSM.G1-HW-09002) (available at <u>http://www.u-blox.com</u>)
- [4] 3GPP TS 51.011 Specification of the Subscriber Identity Module Mobile Equipment (SIM-ME) interface
- [5] 3GPP TS 51.014 Specification of the SIM Application Toolkit for the Subscriber Identity Module Mobile Equipment (SIM ME) interface)
- [6] LISA-U series System Integration Manual, Docu No UBX-13001118 (available at http://www.u-blox.com)
- [7] SARA-G3 / SARA-U System Integration Manual, Docu No UBX-13000995 (available at http://www.u-blox.com)
- [8] 3GPP TS 31.111 Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) Application Toolkit (USAT) (Release 10)
- [9] ETSI 102.223 Card Application Toolkit (CAT)
- [10] 3GPP TS 31.102 Characteristics of the Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) application (Release 7)
- [11] TOBY-L2 / MPCI-L2 System Integration Manual, Docu No UBX-13004618 (available at http://www.u-blox.com)
- [12] u-blox TOBY-L2 series Networking Modes, Docu No UBX-14000479
- [13] u-blox Cellular Modules Firmware Update Application Note, Docu No UBX-13001845
- [14] OMA Device Management V1.2.1 (<u>http://technical.openmobilealliance.org/Technical/technical-information/release-program/current-releases/dm-v1-2-1</u>)
- [15] AT&T Device Requirements, Docu No 13340

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Revision history

(P)

Revision	Date	Name	Status / Comments
-	28-Jun-2011	lpah	Document replaces GSM.G1-CS-09003-C2 Added LISA-U1 LISA-H1 series; Added examples on SMS and SIM Lock AT commands
1	29-Jul-2011	lpah	Removed LISA-H1 series
2	20-Jan-2012	lpah	Extended to include LISA-U2 series and LISA-U1x0-01S module versions
3	28-Jun-2012	WCOS	Added SAP AT commands examples
4	22-Apr-2013	lpah	Extended to include SARA-G350 series (Last revision with docu number WLS-CS-11003)
А	29-Jul-2013	mrod / fgue	Extended to include SARA-G300 / SARA-G310 series
R07	23-Jul-2014	lpah	Extended to include SARA-U series Added AT command response parser and Network registration flow-chart sections
R08	06-Mar-2015	mace	Extended to include TOBY-L2 / MPCI-L2 series
R09	17-Jul-2015	mace	Added +UMNOCONF, +UMNOPLMN examples
R10	04-Apr-2016	amat / msin / fdil / lchi	Extended 4G and tri-mode configuration to +UCELLLOCK command. Restyle of the bridge configuration. Extended the section about HTTP secure option. Updated the HTTP examples with a new different server httpbin which provides HTTP client testing services.
R11	22-Sep-2016	mtom / mace	Added secondary PDP context definition and ODIS examples



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